

Sulfates, Clouds and Radiation (SCAR) Langley DAAC Project/Campaign Document

Summary:

The primary objective of Sulfates, Clouds, and Radiation - America (SCAR-A), conducted during Summer 1993, is to help scientists characterize the relationship between sulfate particles and clouds, thereby gaining a better understanding of how sulfates affect clouds' reflective properties.

The Smoke, Clouds, and Radiation - Brazil (SCAR-B) experiment, completed in September 1995, studies the effects of biomass burning on atmospheric processes and aids in the preparation of new techniques for remote sensing of these processes from space.

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1. Project/Campaign Overview:

Name of Project/Campaign:

Sulfates/Smoke, Clouds and Radiation (SCAR)

Project/Campaign Introduction:

See Summary.

Project/Campaign Mission Objectives:

The objectives for the SCAR mission are: to advance our knowledge of how the physical, chemical and radiative processes in our atmosphere are affected by sulfate aerosol and smoke from biomass burning; to improve our expertise at remotely sensing smoke, water vapor, clouds, vegetation and fires; and to assess the effects of deforestation and biomass burning on tropical landscapes.

Discipline(s):

Earth Science
Atmosphere

Geographic Region(s):

SCAR-A Eastern U.S.
SCAR-B Brazil

Detailed Project/Campaign Description:

2. Data Availability:

Data Type(s):



All data currently archived at the Langley DAAC are in hierarchical data format (HDF).

Input/Output Media:

Data are available via FTP from the Langley DAAC.

Proprietary Status:

There is no proprietary status for the data sets currently on-line at the Langley DAAC.

3. Data Access:

Data Center Location:

Langley DAAC User and Data Services Office
NASA Langley Research Center
Mail Stop 157D
Hampton, Virginia 23681-2199
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Associated Costs:

Currently, there is no charge for data.

4. Principal Investigator Information:

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6. References:

- Arnold, G.T., M. Fitzgerald, P.S. Grant, and M.D. King, 1994a: MODIS Airborne Simulator Visible and Near-Infrared Calibration - 1991 FIRE-Cirrus Field Experiment. NASA Goddard Space Flight Center, NASA Technical Memorandum 104600.
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- Jedlovec, G.J., K.B. Batson, R.J. Atkinson, C.C. Moeller, W.P. Menzel, and M.W. James, 1989: Improved Capabilities of the Multispectral Atmospheric Mapping Sensor (MAMS). NASA Marshall Space Flight Center, NASA Technical Memorandum 100352.
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- King, M.D., W.P. Menzel, P.S. Grant, J.S. Myers, G.T. Arnold, S.E. Platnick, L.E. Gumley, S-C. Tsay, C.C. Moeller, M. Fitzgerald, K.S. Brown and F.G. Osterwisch, 1996: Airborne Scanning Spectrometer for Remote Sensing of Cloud, Aerosol, Water Vapor, and Surface Properties. Journal of Atmospheric and Oceanic Technology, 13(4), 777-794.
- SCAR-A Sulfates, Clouds, and Radiation, The Earth Observer, July/August 1993. (URL: http://sps0.gsfc.nasa.gov/eos_observ/7_8_93/p22.html)

7. Glossary and Acronyms:

[EOSDIS Acronyms](#) (PDF).

8. Document Information:

- **Document Revision Date:** Dec 11, 1997
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