Earth Observing System (EOS)

Tropospheric Emission Spectrometer (TES)

Science Data Processing

Standard and Special Observation

Data Products Specifications

Author: Scott Lewicki, Doug Shepard, Mariyetta Madatyan

Version 10.13 (Science Software Release 10.0) ESDT Version 3

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Jet Propulsion Laboratory California Institute of Technology Pasadena, California



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TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. INTRO	DUCTION	1
1.1 Ide	ntification	1
1.2 Ov	erview	1
1.3 Do	cument Scope	1
1.4 Me	thod	1
1.5 Co	ntrolling Documents	1
1.6 Re:	ference Documents	2
1.7 Ap	plicable Documents	2
2. Overvie	w of File Structure for TES science data products	1
2.1 TE	S Products in Native HDF 5 Format	1
2.1.1	HDF 5 Data Types	1
2.2 TE	S Products in HDF-EOS5 Format	1
2.3 Ve	rsioning of TES Products	1
2.3.1	Versioning in Filenames	2
3. Level 11	B Standard and special observation Products	1
3.1 Ov	erview	1
3.2 Na	dir or Low Resolution Observations	2
3.2.1	Structure of Nadir File	2
3.3 Lir	nb or High Resolution Observations	4
3.3.1	Structure of Limb File	4
3.4 Sp	ectra and NESR Data	6
3.5 Ge	olocation Data	7
3.6 En	gineering Data	9
3.7 Ou	ality Assessment (OA) Data	12
3.8 L1	ECS and TES-specific Metadata	16
3.8.1	Introduction	16
3.8.2	ECS Inventory Metadata	16
3.8.3	Production History Metadata	17
3.8.4	TES-Common Metadata	
3.8.5	TES-L1B-Common Metadata	
3.8.6	TES-L1B-Nadir Metadata	19
3.8.7	TES-L1B-Limb Metadata	19
3.8.8	TES-L1B-SO-Low Metadata	20
3.8.9	TES-L1B-SO-High Metadata	20
4. Level 2	Standard and special observation Products	1
4.1 Ov	erview	1
4.1.1	Standard Products	1
4.1.2	Special Observation Products	3
4.2 Na	dir File Structure	5
4.3 Lin	nb File Structure	6
4.4 An	cillary File Structure	7
4.5 Na	dir Data Fields	8
4.5.1	Nadir Primary Data Fields	8
4.5.2	Nadir Associated Data Fields	10
4.6 Lin	nb Data Fields	13
4.6.1	Limb Primary Data Fields	14
4.6.2	Limb Associated Data Fields	16
4.7 An	cillary Data Fields	
4.8 Ge	olocation Fields	25
4.9 L2	ECS and TES-specific Metadata	29
4.9.1	Introduction	29
4.9.2	ECS Inventory Metadata	29



4.9.3 P	roduction History Metadata	.30
4.9.4 T	ES-Common Metadata	.30
4.9.5 T	ES-L2-Common	.31
4.9.6 T	ES-L2-Nadir Metadata	.32
4.9.7 T	ES-L2-Limb Metadata	.32
5. Level 2 Sur	nmary Product	1
5.1 Overvi	iew	1
5.2 Summ	ary Product File Structure	2
5.3 Nadir	Objects Data Fields	4
5.3.1 N	adir Primary Data Fields	4
5.3.2 N	adir Associated Data Fields	5
5.4 Limb (Objects Data Fields	8
5.4.1 L	imb Primary Data Fields	9
5.4.2 L	imb Associated Data Fields	.10
5.5 Ancilla	ary Objects Data Fields	.12
5.6 Geolog	cation Fields	.15
5.7 L2 EC	S and TES-specific Metadata	.19
5.7.1 In	ntroduction.	.19
5.7.2 E	CS Inventory Metadata	.19
5.7.3 P	roduction History Metadata	.20
5.7.4 T	ES-Common Metadata	.21
5.7.5 T	ES-L2-Common	.21
6. Level 3 Star	ndard grid Products	.22
6.1 Overvi	iew	.22
6.2 L3 Pro	duct File Structures	.24
6.2.1 D	aily Grid File	.25
6.2.2 8-	-Day Grid File	.26
6.2.3 M	Ionthly Grid File	.27
6.3 Daily l	Data Fields	.28
6.3.1 D	aily Standard Data Fields	.28
6.4 8-Day	Data Fields	.30
6.4.1 8-	-Day Standard Data Fields	.30
6.5 Month	ly Data Fields	.31
6.5.1 M	Ionthly Standard Data Fields	.32
6.6 L3 EC	S and TES-specific Metadata	.34
6.6.1 In	ntroduction.	.34
6.6.2 E	CS Inventory Metadata	.35
6.6.3 Pi	roduction History Metadata	.36
6.6.4 T	ES-Common Metadata	.36
6.6.5 T	ES-L3-Common	.37
6.6.6 L	3 Daily Common metadata	.37
6.6.7 L	3 8-Day Common metadata	.38
6.6.8 L	3 Monthly Common metadata	.38
Appendix A	Acronyms	1
Appendix B 7	Work-Off Plan Table	2



Version	Description	Date
9.1	CR 3866 - Modify Nadir_Primary_Data – AirDensity units	5/24/2006
	Modify Limb_Primary_Data – AirDensity units	
10.0	Add to L2 Nadir Associated Data	
	H2O_HDO_Corr_QA	
10.0	Add to L2 Limb Associated Data	
	H2O_HDO_Corr_QA,	
	Modify in Limb Associated Data:	
10.0	dimensions on RadianceResidualMean, RadianceResidualRMS	
10.0	Add to L2 Ancillary Nadir and Limb data fields	
	HDO_H2ORatioMeasurementErrorCovariance	
	HDO_H2ORatioSystematicErrorCovariance	
	HDO_H2ORatioTotalErrorCovariance	
	HDO_H2OAveragingKernel	
10.0	H2O_HDOAveragingKernel	
10.0	L2 Summary extensively revised (initial s/w release in R10)	
10.1	CR 3863 - Add to Nadir_Associated_Data – SurfaceEmissionLayerQA	5/24/2006
10.2	CR 3914 – Add dim info to SurfaceTypeFootprint and TropopausePressure	6/29/06
10.3	Minor cleanup on Summary Products	7/18/2006
	Table 5-10 remove nLevels (no attributes with this dim)	
	Table 5-10 add dim nPixels	
	Table 5-11 PixelsUsedFlag dimensioned by nPixels	
10.4	Table 5-13 add dimension nLength for UTC	7/24/2006
10.4	Move UTCTIme from Geolocation to Nadir Associated, Limb Associated and Ancillary	//24/2006
10.5	change data type to string	8/4/2006
10.5	Name Special Observation Summary ESD1	8/4/2006
10.0	Add $ESD1$ version (version 5) and product the designators	8/29/00
	$1.1 = 105_02$	
	$L2 = F04_04$ $L2$ Summary = F01_04	
10.7	CR 3074 Undate text description of CloudTo PressureError	9/7/06
10.7	CR3974 Opdate text description of cloud for ressure Enor	9/7/06
10.7	SurfaceEmissionI averOA to SurfaceEmissionI aver OA	9/ //00
	Add to Nadir Associated Data fields of Summary Product	
10.7	CR 3979 Review and correct attributes indicating fill in R10	9/18/06
10.8	Attempt to clarify naming convention for species TATM The filename disagrees with	9/27/06
1010	species name in the swath and in the data portion. This species was documented AtmT	<i>,</i> , <u></u> ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	in this document: change this to TATM to match HDF file contents and swath name.	
	Note however that the file the file name will remain inconsistent.	
10.9	Modify units in L2 Product. VerticalResolution from km to meters	10/27/06
	Occurs in nadir and limb primary data fields	
10.10	Remove references to limb CO, CH4, NO2; these products are not produced in this	1/8/07
	release	
10.11	Increment L1B product file designator (science content designator)	2/21/07
	From F03 02	
	To F03 $\overline{03}$	
10.12	Add L3 Grid product information	3/9/07
10.13	Correct L3 file naming convention, change hyphen preceding run id to underscore	4/26/07
	From TES-Aura_L3- <species>-<run id="">_<version id="">.he5</version></run></species>	
	To TES-Aura_L3- <species>_<run id="">_<version id="">.he5</version></run></species>	

DOCUMENT LOG

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Identification

This is the Data Products Specification (DPS) for the JPL Tropospheric Emission Spectrometer (TES) Project.

1.2 Overview

This document provides the detailed contents and formats for the TES Standard and Special Observation Data Products produced at launch. This document applies to the following version identifiers (see Section 2.3):

TES Software Release 10

ESDT Version 3

L1B file format id F03_03

L2 file format id F04_04

L2 Summary file format id F01_04

L3 Grid file format id F01_01

1.3 Document Scope

This document provides specifications for all of the TES standard data products identified in the ICD between ECS and SIPS (423-41-57-10, Volume 10) and TES special observation data products. This document provides a source of requirements to Framework for supporting the listed data types and data objects. This document provides a source of requirements to the subsystems for the contents and formats of the standard data products.

1.4 Method

This document provides the detailed contents and formats for the TES standard and special observation data products produced at launch. At that time it represents a baseline to the version of the products. Any changes to the contents or formats of the products after that time cannot occur without an update and re-release of this document

1.5 Controlling Documents

1.	JPL D-17961	Level 2 Subsystem Software Requirements
2.	423-41-64	ESDIS Project Requirements for EOS Instruments Team Science Team Science Data Processing Systems, 07-03-2001 (latest version found at http://romulus.gsfc.nasa.gov/PIMS/EMDS.html)
3.	420-TP-022-001	Release 7 Implementation Earth Science Data Model for the ECS Project, May 2004 (latest version can be found at http://edhsl.gsfc.nasa.gov/)



4. NCAR Doc#: SW- NCA-079	HDF-EOS Aura File Format Guidelines
5. 423-41-57-10	Interface Control Document (ICD) between the EOSIDS Core System (ECS) and the Science Investigator-led Processing System (SIPS), Volume 10: Tropospheric Emission Spectrometer (TES) ECS Data Flows
6. JPL D-17962	Level 1B Subsystem Software Requirements Document
7. JPL D-23176	Level-2 Functional Requirements Document

1.6 **Reference Documents**

1. JPL D-13017	TES Experiment Implementation Plan
2. JPL D-13214	TES Software Management Plan
3. JPL D-8501	Software Management Policies and Requirements for EOS Flight Experiments
4. JPL D-11294	TES Scientific Objectives & Approach, Goals and Requirements
5. JPL D-19450	Ground System Requirements
6. JPL D-15522	Science Software Requirements
7. JPL D-1538	TES Command and Telemetry Handbook
8. 175-TP-510-001	HDF-EOS Interface Based on HDF5, Volume 1: Overview and Examples

1.7 **Applicable Documents**

9. HAIS 205-CD-002-001	Software Developer's Guide to Preparation, Delivery, Integration and Test with ECS, draft version, January 1995
	EOS Reference Handbook, NASA Goddard Space Flight Center
10. 194-207-SE1-001	System Design Specification for the ECS Project, Hughes Applied Information Systems, June 1994
11. 423-16-01	Data Production Software and Science Computing Facility Standards and Guidelines, EOSDIS, October 1996



2. OVERVIEW OF FILE STRUCTURE FOR TES SCIENCE DATA PRODUCTS

2.1 TES Products in Native HDF 5 Format

The TES standard and special observation data products at Level 1B will be implemented in Native HDF5 format.

2.1.1 HDF 5 Data Types

The HDF 5 library provides a number of datatypes with the naming convention, H5T_*arch_base*, where *arch* is an architecture name and *base* is a programming type name. The architecture (name) used by the TES ESDT product files is NATIVE. The NATIVE architecture is by design the most portable and contains C-like datatypes for the machine on which the library was compiled. These NATIVE type names are defined with the prefix "H5T_" in the HDF C library and are grouped together in the C++ class "PredType" in the HDF 5 C++ API. In this document only the prefix NATIVE and the type are listed.

Table 2-1 below shows an example of how a 32 bit integer type maps to the HDF 5 APIs and how it is listed in this document.

Table 2-1:	Mapping	of 32-bit Integer	to HDF5 APIs

HDF 5 API	HDF 5 C++ API	Listing in this Document
H5T_NATIVE_INT32	PredType::NATIVE_INT32	NATIVE_INT32

2.2 TES Products in HDF-EOS5 Format

TES will be using the HDF-EOS5 file format to store the scientific standard and special observation products at Level 2. The HDF-EOS extension to the HDF5 library provides the capability to incorporate swath mapping of the global survey data as well as compression and complex datatype usage.

2.3 Versioning of TES Products

For standard product granules versioning information has four types and is reported in four places:

- 1. ESDT Version Identifies major releases of the data. This version is apparent when ordering data through the ASDC Data Gateway or the EDG Search and Order tool. This version identifier also relates to the maturity of the data product. The ESDT Version is visible within the product files in the ECS metadata object VersionID.
- 2. End of standard product filename (and the ECS Metadata object LocalGranuleID for Level 2). Numbers capturing format changes and reruns/reprocessing in the format Fff_cc (see Section 2.3.1 below)..
- 3. ECS Metadata object LocalVersionID. Has format: "Executable Name: Clearcase Label"
- 4. ECS Metadata object PGEVersion. Software Release number, e.g. "R6.1.2".
- 5. Production History. Text block in standard product file.



2.3.1 Versioning in Filenames

The versioning issue covers two major aspects reflecting changes in the name of a data file:

- 1) Data file format changes.
- 2) Data file content changes (coming from reruns or reprocessing)

The following naming conventions should be used to denote changes due to file format/content changes: <*file name*> Fff cc...

where:

 $\mathbf{F} = File Format placeholder$

ff = 2-digit version number reflecting file Format changes

cc = 2-digit version number reflecting file Content changes

The following ground rules must be observed:

- 1) The two sets of identifiers may be incremented independent of each other.
- 2) The start default value for each set is 01.
- 3) Neither set can ever revert back to 01 and must always be incremented throughout the file span of the file.
- 4) The value of each set must always be incremented by 1.

The following are the definitions for Format and Content changes of any data file:

Format change:

- 1) Data type changes (new or redefined)
- 2) New/deleted/renamed data fields/structures
- 3) Dimension changes of data fields/structures

The basic rule defining a Format change is any change that must be reflected in the Data Products Specification (DPS), and therefore requires a DPS update. These DPS updates will be disseminated via change pages and captured in Clearcase, with complete releases of a new DPS version at certain time intervals.

Content change:

- 1) Data file created during a PGE re-run with a different set of input files or different environment.
- 2) Data file reprocessing where contents are updated for completeness or better accuracy/algorithm improvement.

The purpose of the content versioning number is only to reflect a particular run version, not the version of the TES science software used during the run. However, the implication would be that any re-processing run of the same PGE using a different input file set would generate product files with new contents, thus indicated by a new value for the cc field of the products' names.



3. LEVEL 1B STANDARD AND SPECIAL OBSERVATION PRODUCTS

3.1 Overview

At Level 1B, TES produces two standard products captured in two ESDTs: TL1BN for nadir-viewed data and TL1BL for limb-viewed data. For Special Observations, there are two "products" one for Low Resolution and one for High Resolution.

The primary data stored within the L1B nadir and limb products are spectra and noise-equivalent spectral radiance (NESR) data. In addition, the standard product files contain geolocation, engineering, production history, and data quality information.

Each L1B standard and special observation product is implemented as four files (one per Focal Plane) each using the native HDF 5 file format. HDF 5 files have a default extension of ".h5". The ECS Local Granule ID (filename) for a L1B standard product is constructed using the following template:

TES-Aura_L1B-<view>_FP<FP>_r<run id>-o<orbit number>_<version id>.h5

The table below lists each of the TES L1B standard products.

ESDT Short Name	ECS File Type	Collection Summary	File Names
TL1BN	HDF 5	TES Aura L1B Nadir	TES-Aura_L1B-Nadir_FP1A_rnnnnnnnnnn-onnnnn_Fff_cc.h5
			TES-Aura_L1B-Nadir_FP1B_rnnnnnnnnn-onnnnn_Fff_cc.h5
			TES-Aura_L1B-Nadir_FP2A_rnnnnnnnnn-onnnnn_Fff_cc.h5
			TES-Aura_L1B-Nadir_FP2B_rnnnnnnnnn-onnnnn_Fff_cc.h5
TL1BL	HDF 5	TES Aura L1B Limb	TES-Aura_L1B-Limb_FP1A_rnnnnnnnnnn-onnnnn_ Fff_cc.h5
			TES-Aura_L1B-Limb_FP1B_rnnnnnnnnnn-onnnnn_Fff_cc.h5
			TES-Aura_L1B-Limb_FP2A_rnnnnnnnnnn-onnnnn_Fff_cc.h5
			TES-Aura L1B-Limb FP2B rnnnnnnnnn-onnnnn Fff cc.h5

Table 3-1: TES L1B Standard Products

The table below lists each of the TES L1B special observation products.

ESDT Short Name	ECS File Type	Collection Summary	File Names
TL1BSOL	HDF 5	TES Aura L1B Special Observation Low Resolution	TES-Aura_L1B-SO-Low_FP1A_rnnnnnnnnnnn-onnnnn_Fff_cc.h5 TES-Aura_L1B- SO-Low_FP1B_rnnnnnnnnnnnnnn_Fff_cc.h5
			TES-Aura_L1B- SO-Low_FP2A_rnnnnnnnnnn- Fff_cc.h5 TES-Aura_L1B- SO-Low_FP2B_rnnnnnnnnn- Fff_cc.h5
TL1BSOH	HDF 5	TES Aura Special Observation High Resolution	TES-Aura_L1B- SO-High_FP1A_rnnnnnnnnn-onnnnn_Fff_cc.h5 TES-Aura_L1B- SO-High_FP1B_rnnnnnnnnn-onnnnn_Fff_cc.h5 TES-Aura_L1B- SO-High_FP2A_rnnnnnnnnn-onnnnn_Fff_cc.h5 TES-Aura_L1B- SO-High_FP2B_rnnnnnnnnn-onnnnn_Fff_cc.h5

Where the string rnnnnnnnn represents the ten-digit Run ID, the string onnnn represents the starting five-digit Absolute Orbit number, the substring "Fff_cc" represents a version ID which is used to keep track of file format changes (see Section 2.3.1).

Note: TES data acquisition begins at the South Pole apex crossing, and subsequent orbits worth of data begin from there for the L1B granules. The Absolute Orbit number in the file name above is the same as the Aura orbit number at the time of the South Pole apex crossing.

For Special Observations, there is the potential for multiple products within a single orbit. These will be differentiated by Run Number. Special Observations which span multiple orbits, i.e. cross the South Pole apex, will be split into separate files.

3.2 Nadir or Low Resolution Observations

The Nadir standard product consists of four files, where each file is composed of the Global Survey Nadir observations from one of four focal planes for a single orbit. The number of observations within an orbit is fixed for a Global Survey, but that number may change if the configuration of the Global Survey is changed.

The Low Resolution special observation product also consists of four files, where each file is composed of special observations from one of four focal planes. A special observation product is of an undetermined length and may be smaller than an orbit or larger.

The filter position for a given focal plane is in the L1B-specific metadata. This filter position determines the dimensions of the filter group objects for each file.

3.2.1 **Structure of Nadir File**

The structure of each of the Nadir or Low Resolution files contains groups for ECS (HDFEOS INFORMATION) and TES-specific metadata (including Production History) and groups for the data corresponding to specific filters. The data objects within each of these groups are shown in the figure below.







*Where <FilterID> for Nadir for the Filter Plane 1A file can be one of the following: 1A1, 1A2, 1A3, 1A4, or 1A5; for the Filter Plane 1B file can be 1B1 or 1B2; for the Filter Plane 2A file can be 2A1, 2A2, 2A3, or 2A4; and for the Filter Plane 2B file will be 2B1.



3-3

http://eosweb.larc.nasa.gov

3.3 **Limb or High Resolution Observations**

The Limb standard product consists of four files, where each file is composed of the Global Survey Nadir observations from one of four focal planes for a single orbit. The number of observations within an orbit is fixed for a Global Survey, but that number may change if the configuration of the Global Survey is changed.

The High Resolution special observation product also consists of four files, where each file is composed of special observations from one of four focal planes. A special observation product is of an undetermined length and may be smaller than an orbit or larger.

The filter position for a given focal plane is in the L1B-specific metadata. This filter position determines the dimensions of the filter group objects for each file.

Structure of Limb File 3.3.1

The structure of each of the Limb or High Resolution files contains groups for ECS (HDFEOS INFORMATION) and TES-specific metadata (including Production History) and groups for the data corresponding to specific filters. The data objects within each of these groups are shown in the figure below.







*Where <FilterID> for Limb for the Filter Plane 1A file can be one of the following: 1A1 or 1A2; for the Filter Plane 1B file can be 1B1 or 1B2; for the Filter Plane 2A file can be 2A1, 2A2, 2A3, or 2A4; and for the Filter Plane 2B file will be 2B1.



3.4 Spectra and NESR Data

Each product captures data in four focal planes for each observation. These focal planes are 1A, 1B, 2A, and 2B. For each of these focal planes there are sixteen pixels, 0 through 15. These pixels return 32-bit float data. Along with the spectra data, NESR data has the same characteristics, ranging from pixels 0 through 15 returning 32-bit float data. See tables below for all values and definitions of the sixteen pixels in each of the four focal planes. Each focal plane/filter position has a different number of samples for each spectrum.

Table 3-3: Spectra Data Type Definition

Data Name	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	Туре	HDF 5 Type
Spectra	Spectrum radiance sample.	W/cm ² /sr/cm ⁻¹	-10 ⁻⁴ - 10 ⁻⁴ (fill= -999.)	32	float	NATIVE_FLOAT

Table 3-4: NESR Data Type Definition

Data Name	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	Туре	HDF 5 Type
NESR	Noise equivalent spectral radiance sample.	W/cm ² /sr/cm ⁻¹	$-10^{-5} - 10^{-5}$ (fill= -999.)	32	float	NATIVE_FLOAT

Table 3-5: Focal Plane Data Dimensions

Dimension Name	Dimension Description	Dimension Size
TES_pixel_dim	Number of pixels in a TES focal plane.	16
Observations_dim	Number of sequences.	variable
Spectra_Samples_dim	Number of samples for Spectra & NESR	configurable

Dimensions are implemented in the file in "C" order, i.e. last dimension is the fastest.

Table 3-6: Focal Plane Spectra Dataset

Dataset Name	Dataset Description	Dimension List	Data Type
Spectra	Contains spectra data for all sixteen pixels in the focal plane for a nadir or a limb scan.	TES_pixel_dim Observations_dim Spectra_Samples_dim	Spectrum_type

Table 3-7:	Focal	Plane	NESR	Dataset
------------	-------	-------	------	---------

Dataset Name	Dataset Description	Dimension List	Data Type
NESR	Contains NESR data for all sixteen pixels in the focal plane for a nadir or a limb scan.	TES_pixel_dim Observations_dim Spectra_Samples_dim	NESR_type





3.5 Geolocation Data

For the Nadir-viewing product files (Low or High resolution), the geolocation is calculated from the boresight. For the Limb-viewing product files (Low or High resolution), the geolocation is calculated from the tangential height.

Dataset Name	Dataset Description	Dimension List	Data Type	
Geolocation	Contains geolocation data for each sequence.	Observations_dim	Geolocation_type	

Table 3-9: Geolocation Dataset Dimensions

Dimension Name	Dimension Description	Dimension Size
Observationss _dim	Number of observations.	variable

The Geolocation Dataset is implemented as a compound data type (for each Observations_dim) with the following definition.

Data Name	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF 5 Type
Time_of_Geolocation	Time of ZPD (Zero Path Difference)	TAI 93 time		64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Geolocation_Failed	Failure indicator. False = 0 True = 1	N/A	01	8	NATIVE_INT8
	If True, the following data fields will be set to zero or are suspect.				
OrbitAscendingFlag	Ascending node = 1 Descending node = 0	N/A	01	8	NATIVE_INT8
Path_Number	Aura Path Number	N/A	1233	8	NATIVE_UINT8
PCS_QA_Poor_Percentage	Percent data interpolated	N/A	0100	8	NATIVE_INT8
DPREP_QA_Poor_Percentage	Percent data interpolated	N/A	0100	8	NATIVE_INT8
Orbit_Inclination_Angle	Orbit Inclination Angle	Decimal degrees	0180	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Latitude	Ground boresight location	Decimal degrees	±90.0	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Longitude	Ground boresight location	Decimal degrees	±180.0	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Elevation	Ground boresight elevation. For Nadir this is the surface geodetic elevation from DEM. For Limb this is the altitude of the tangent point.	Meters	-1000 100,000	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
Horizontal_Uncertainty	Uncertainty in geolocation horizontal position	Meters	-100,000 100,000	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
Elevation_Uncertainty	Uncertainty in geolocation elevation	Meters	-1000 100,000	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
Latitude_Footprint_1	Geo-location in geodetic co- ordinates of the four corners of the	Decimal degrees	±90	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Latitude_Footprint_2	footprint. Nadir footprint determined by field of view of pixels. Limb	Decimal degrees	±90	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Latitude_Footprint_3	footprint is ±60 km track, ±12 km crosstrack from surface expression	Decimal degrees	±90	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE

Table 3-10: Geolocation Data Type Definition: Geolocation_type





Data Name	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF 5 Type
Latitude_Footprint_4	of boresight tangent point.	Decimal	±90	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
	Latitude_Footprint_1=LowerLeft	degrees			_
	Latitude_Footprint_2=LowerRight				
	Latitude_Footprint_4=UpperLeft				
Longitude_Footprint_1	Geo-location in geodetic co-	Decimal	±180	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
	ordinates of the four corners of the	degrees			
Longitude_Footprint_2	by field of view of pixels. Limb	Decimal	±180	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Longitude Footprint 3	footprint is ± 60 km track, ± 12 km	Decimal	+190	64	NATIVE DOUBLE
Longitude_rootprint_5	crosstrack from surface expression	degrees	100	04	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Longitude_Footprint_4	of boresight tangent point Longitude Footprint 1=LowerLeft	Decimal	±180	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
	Longitude_Footprint_2=LowerRight	degrees			_
	Longitude_Footprint_3=UpperRight				
Sumf Elti	Longitude_Footprint_4=OpperLeft	Matana	1000	22	NATIVE ELOAT
SurfaceElevation	Average elevation over the lootprint	Meters	-1000 100.000	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
SurfaceElevStandardDeviation	Standard deviation of elevation over	Meters	-1000	32	NATIVE FLOAT
	the footprint		100,000		-
Min_Elev_Footprint	Lowest elevation over the footprint	Meters	-1000	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
			100,000		
Max_Elev_Footprint	Greatest elevation over the footprint	Meters	-1000	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
Surface Type Footprint	From DEM_1=Eresh Water_2=Salt	Enumer-	1.4	8	NATIVE INT8
Surface_1ype_1 ootprint	Water, 3=Land, 4=Mixed (not 100%	ated	1	0	
	of FW, SW, or Land)				
Day_Night_Flag_Target	0=Night (False), 1=Day (True)	T/F	01	8	NATIVE_INT8
Day_Night_Flag_SC	0=Night (False), 1=Day (True)	T/F	01	8	NATIVE_INT8
LocalSolarTime	Local Mean Solar Time (hours from midnight)	Hours	0.024.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
TES_Bsight_Azimuth	TES boresight (LOS) azimuth angle	Decimal	0360	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
	relative to the local north at SC	degrees			
TES_Bsight_Azimuth_Uncert	Uncertainty in TES boresight	Decimal	±180	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
TESBoresightNadirAngle	TES boresight (LOS) nadir angle	Decimal	0.90	64	NATIVE DOUBLE
	relative to the local nadir at SC	degrees	0	Ű.	
TES_Bsight_Nadir_Uncert	Uncertainty in TES boresight nadir	Decimal	±90	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
	angle	degrees			
Grd_Trk_TES_Bsight_Azimuth	TES boresight (LOS) azimuth angle	Decimal	0360	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
SpacecraftAzimuth	TES horesight (LOS) azimuth angle	Decimal	0.360	64	NATIVE DOUBLE
Spacecrati izintati	relative to the local north at the	degrees	0500	04	
	geolocation				
SpacecraftZenith	TES boresight (LOS) zenith angle	Decimal	0180	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
	relative to the local zenith at the	degrees			
Tgt Sun Azimuth	Solar azimuth angle relative to the	Decimal	0360	64	NATIVE DOUBLE
- 8	local north at the geolocation	degrees			
Tgt_Sun_Zenith_Angle	Solar zenith angle relative to the	Decimal	0180	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
	local zenith at the geolocation	degrees			
SolarAzimuthAngle	Solar azimuth angle relative to the	Decimal	0360	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
	ZPD time	uegrees			
SolarZenithAngle	Solar zenith angle relative to the	Decimal	0180	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
-	local zenith at spacecraft point at	degrees			
			0.100	()	NATIVE DOUDLE
MI_MITOr_Sun_Angle	Angle between M1 mirror normal and the sun	Decimal degrees	0180	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
SpacecraftLatitude	Geodetic latitude	Decimal	+90	64	NATIVE DOUBLE
		degrees		. 	



Data Name	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF 5 Type
SpacecraftLongitude	Geodetic longitude	Decimal degrees	±180	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
SpacecraftAltitude	Geodetic spacecraft altitude (w/ respect to geoid)	Meters	-1000 10,000,000	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Doppler_Shift	Relative frequency shift due to Doppler effect.	N/A		64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Resolved_SC_Position_X	From ground corrected ephemeris	meters	$\pm 8,000,000$	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Resolved_SC_Position_Y	From ground corrected ephemeris	meters	±8,000,000	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Resolved_SC_Position_Z	From ground corrected ephemeris	meters	±8,000,000	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Resolved_SC_Velocity_X	From ground corrected ephemeris	meters/ sec	±10,000.0	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Resolved_SC_Velocity_Y	From ground corrected ephemeris	meters/ sec	±10,000.0	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Resolved_SC_Velocity_Z	From ground corrected ephemeris	meters/ sec	±10,000 .0	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Resolved_SC_Quaternion_Q1	From ground corrected ephemeris	N/A	-1.01.0	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Resolved_SC_Quaternion_Q2	From ground corrected ephemeris	N/A	-1.01.0	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Resolved_SC_Quaternion_Q3	From ground corrected ephemeris	N/A	-1.01.0	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Resolved_SC_Quaternion_Q4	From ground corrected ephemeris	N/A	-1.01.0	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Resolved_SC_Attitude_Pitch	From ground corrected attitude	Decimal degrees	±90	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Resolved_SC_Attitude_Roll	From ground corrected attitude	Decimal degrees	±90	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Resolved_SC_Attitude_Yaw	From ground corrected attitude	Decimal degrees	±90	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Resolved_SC_Pitch_Rate	From ground corrected attitude	deg/sec	±0.3	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Resolved_SC_Roll_Rate	From ground corrected attitude	deg/sec	±0.3	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Resolved_SC_Yaw_Rate	From ground corrected attitude	deg/sec	±0.3	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
PCS_Track	PCS track resolver position at time of ZPD	Decimal degrees		64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
PCS_Crosstrack	PCS crosstrack resolver position at time of ZPD	Decimal degrees		64	NATIVE_DOUBLE

3.6 Engineering Data

Table 3-11: Engineering Dataset

Dataset Name	Dataset Description	Dimension List	Data Type
Engineering	Contains engineering data.	Observations_dim	Engineering_type



Dimension Name	Dimension Description	Dimension Size
Observations_dim	Number of observations.	variable

Table 3-12: Engineering Dataset Dimensions

The Engineering Dataset is implemented as a compound data type (for each Observation_dim) with the following definition.

Data Name	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF 5 Type
Scan	Scan number in sequence.	n/a	>0	8	NATIVE_INT8
Sequence	Sequence number in run.	n/a	>0	16	NATIVE_INT16
Time_of_Observation	Time of ZPD (Zero Path Difference)	TAI93		64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Filter_Identification	Optical Filter Identification		For FP1A: "1", "2", "3", "4", or "5" For FP1B: "1" or "2" For FP2A: "1", "2", "3", or "4" For FP2B: "1"	8	NATIVE_CHAR
ADC_Enabled	Analog to Digital sampling		0 = enabled 1 = off	16	NATIVE_INT16
Elect_Filter	Filter Center Frequency	kHz	For FP1A: 0 = 8.8 kHz, 1 = 9.8, 2 = 10.7, 3 = 11.5, 4 = 12.4, 5 = DC For FP1B: 0 = 4.0, 1 = 4.4, 5 = DC For FP2A: 0 = 5.1, 1 = 6.0, 2 = 6.9, 3 = 7.7, 5 = DC For FP2B: 0 = 3.3, 5 = DC	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
Fringe_Clock_Divisor	Sets ADC Sampling Rate		815	16	NATIVE_INT16
AT_Index	Indicator as to whether the Filter Wheel is at a pre- determined index point.		0, 1	8	NATIVE_INT8

Table 3-13: Engineering Dataset Type Definition: Engineering_type



Data Name	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF 5 Type
Filter_Wheel_Index	Filter Wheel Index position		For FP1A:	16	NATIVE_INT16
			0 = 1A4,		
			7 = 1A5,		
			6 = 1A1,		
			5 = 1A2,		
			4 = 1A3		
			FOR FPIB: $5 = 1D2$		
			J = 1B2, A = 1B1		
			For FP2A		
			1 = 2A4.		
			0 = 2A1,		
			7 = 2A3,		
			6 = 2A2		
			For FP2B:		
			3 = 2B1		
Signal_Chain_Gain	Mapping from signal chain		0.5, 1.0, 2.0, 4.0, 32.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
	(1A, 1B, 2A, 2B) to a gain factor.		Fill = -999.0		
Detector Temp	Measurement of a given focal	К	60 - 361	32	NATIVE FLOAT
_ 1	plane detector temperature.		Fill = -999.0		-
Observation_Type	TES Defined Scans		140	16	NATIVE_INT16
ICS_Scan_Direction	Arm scan direction:		"0", "1"	8	NATIVE_CHAR
	0 = reverse				
	1 = forward				
Blackbody_Wall_Temp_#1	Blackbody Wall Temperature	K	213 - 349	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
	#1 from the Calibration Subsystem Electronics board		Fill = -999.0		
Blackbody Wall Temp #2	Blackbody Wall Temperature	К	213 - 349	32	NATIVE FLOAT
	#2 from the Calibration		Fill = -999.0		
	Subsystem Electronics board.				
Cold_Reference_Plate_Temp_#1	Cold Reference Plate	K	160 - 361	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
	Operational Support		$F_{111} = -9999.0$		
	Electronics board.				
Cold_Reference_Plate_Temp_#2	Cold Reference Plate	Κ	160 - 361	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
	Temperature #2 from the Operational Support		Fill = -999.0		
	Electronics board.				
Beamsplitter_Temp_#1	Beamsplitter Temperature #1	K	160 - 361	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
	from the Operational Support		Fill = -999.0		
D 1/4 T //2	Electronics board.	IZ.	1(0, 2(1	22	NATIVE FLOAT
Beamspitter_1emp_#2	from the Operational Support	ĸ	100 - 301 Eill - 000 0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
	Electronics board.		1111999.0		
Foreoptics_Temp	Foreoptics Temperature from	K	168 - 359	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
	the Engineering Data		Fill = -999.0		
M1 Mirror Temp	M1 Mirror Temperature from	к	173 - 364	32	NATIVE FLOAT
wir_wintor_remb	the Postiioning Control	K	Fill = -9990	52	TATIVE_FLOAT
	Subsystem electonics board.		////.0	L	
M2_Mirror_Temp	M2 Mirror Temperature from	K	198 – 359	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
	the Postiioning Control Subsystem electonics board		Fill = -999.0		
Calibration SS Resistor 1	Provides the measurement	Ohms	Fill = -999 0	32	NATIVE FLOAT
culturin_00_rcoist0i_1	data for Calibration	- Chino		52	
	Subsystem Calibration				
	Resistor 1 from the Calibration Subsystem				
	Electronics board.				



Data Name	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF 5 Type
Calibration_SS_Resistor_2	Provides the measurement data for Calibration Subsystem Calibration Resistor 2 from the Calibration Subsystem Electronics board.	Ohms	Fill = -999.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
OSE_Resistor_1	Provides the measurement data for OSE Calibration Resistor 1 from the Operational Support Electronics board.	Ohms	Fill = -999.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
OSE_Resistor_2	Provides the measurement data for OSE Calibration Resistor 2 from the Operational Support Electronics board.	Ohms	Fill = -999.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT

3.7 Quality Assessment (QA) Data

Quality data consists of quality flags for the scan level and quality flags for all sixteen pixels in each focal plane. Each focal plane will contain this set of quality data.

QA data are placed in the following groups. Within each group are datasets listed in subsequent tables.

Group Name	Datasets Description	Dimension List
L1AQA	Contains quality datasets for all sixteen pixels in each focal plane for a scan within a sequence.	Observations_dim
L1APixelQA	Contains L1A quality datasets for each pixel in a specific filter for an observation	TES_pixel_dim Observations dim
L1B_Target_Spectra	Contains L1B Target Spectra datasets	TES_pixel_dim Observations_dim
L1B_Brightness_Temperatures	Contains L1B Brightness Temperatures datasets	TES_pixel_dim (limb only) Observations_dim

Table 3-14: QA Groups



Table 3-15: QA Datasets Dimensions			
Jame	Dimension Description	Dimens	

Dimension Name	Dimension Description	Dimension Size
TES_pixel_dim	Number of pixels in a TES focal plane.	16
Observations_dim	Number of observations.	variable

The following is a list of the L1A QA datasets.

Table 3-16: L1AQA Group Datasets

Data Name	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF 5 Type
L1A_Ifgm_Dropout_Occurred	Missing packet	N/A	True=1	8	NATIVE_INT8
			False=0		
			Not Processed=9		
L1A_Time_Date_Error_Occurred	Error in header	N/A	True=1	8	NATIVE_INT8
			False=0		
			Not Processed=9		
L1A_Sequence_Error_Occurred	Error in run, sequence,	N/A	True=1	8	NATIVE_INT8
	scan		False=0		
			Not Processed=9		
L1A_Filter_Seq_Error_Occurred	Filter wheel position not	N/A	True=1	8	NATIVE_INT8
	as expected		False=0		
			Not Processed=9		
L1A_SC_Attitude_Out_Of_Spec	Attitude not as expected	N/A	True=1	8	NATIVE_INT8
			False=0		
			Not Processed=9		
L1A_ICS_Direction_Out_Of_Sequence	ICS Scan direction not as	N/A	True=1	8	NATIVE_INT8
	expected		False=0		
			Not Processed=9		
L1A_ICS_Speed_Variation_Out_Of_	ICS speed variation over	N/A	02	8	NATIVE_INT8
Specification	spec		Not Processed=9		
L1A_BB_Temperature_Out_Of_	Black body temperatures	N/A	True=1	8	NATIVE_INT8
Specification	out of spec		False=0		
			Not Processed=9		
L1A_Cold_Ref_Plate_Temperature_	Cold Reference Plate	N/A	True=1	8	NATIVE_INT8
Out_Of_Specification	temperature out of spec.		False=0		
			Not Processed=9		
L1A_Engineering_Temperatures_Out_Of	Any High Rate PRT not	N/A	02	8	NATIVE_INT8
_Specification	specified		Not Processed=9		
L1A_Channel_Shift	Indicates detected	N/A	0=no shift	8	NATIVE_INT8
	telemetry channel shift		-115=shift		
			Not		
			Processed=9		



The following is a list of the L1A Pixel QA datasets. They are dimensioned Observations_dim x TES_pixel_dim.

Data Name	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF 5 Type
L1A_Spike_Occurred	10x neighboring values	N/A	True=1	8	NATIVE_INT8
			False=0		
			Not Processed=9		
L1A_DN_Overflow_Occurred	DN > tolerance	N/A	True=1	8	NATIVE_INT8
			False=0		
			Not Processed=9		
L1A_DN_Underflow_Occurred	DN < tolerance	N/A	True=1	8	NATIVE_INT8
			False=0		
			Not Processed=9		

Table 3-17: L1APixelQA Group Datasets

For the following tables, Flags have the definition:

-1 = the error/quality measurement and check was not performed.

0 = the error/quality measurement was done, and the measurement did not exceed tolerance (SUCCESS).

+1 = the error/quality measurement was done, and the measurement exceeded tolerance (FAILURE).

The following datasets in L1B Target Spectra Quality are dimensioned Observations_dim x TES_pixel_dim.

 Table 3-18: L1B_Target_Spectra Group Quality Datasets

Data Name	Data Description	Unit	Data Range	Size	HDF 5 Type
L1B_Zero_Padding	the ratio of zero padding size to the FFT size	N/A	0.0–1.0 Fill = -999.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
L1B_Zero_Padding_Flag		N/A	-1,0,+1 Not Processed=9	8	NATIVE_INT8
L1B_Missing_Cal_Table_Flag	at least one calibration table is missing	N/A	-1,0,+1 Not Processed=9	8	NATIVE_INT8
L1B_Cal_Table_Quality_Flag	at least one calibration table has <i>suspicious</i> quality	N/A	-1,0,+1 Not Processed=9	8	NATIVE_INT8
L1B_Phase_Alignment	the chi-square of the imaginary of calibration ratio is too large	N/A	>= 0 Fill = -999.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
L1B_Phase_Alignment_Flag		N/A	-1,0,+1 Not Processed=9	8	NATIVE_INT8
L1B_Absolute_Radiance_Mean_BT	The mean of the absolute value of real target spectra after radiometric calib.		>=0; 10 ⁻⁵ Fill = -999.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
L1B_Absolute_Radiance_Mean_BT_Flag		N/A	-1,0,+1 Not Processed=9	8	NATIVE_INT8
L1B_NESR_Mean	NESR mean between full in-band range (full power points)		>= 0; 10 ⁻⁶ Fill = -999.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
L1B_NESR_Mean_Flag		N/A	-1,0,+1 Not Processed=9	8	NATIVE_INT8
L1B_Imaginary_RMS	target spectrum imaginary RMS between half power points		>= 0; 10 ⁻⁶	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
L1B_Imaginary_RMS_Flag		N/A	-1,0,+1 Not Processed=9	8	NATIVE_INT8



Data Name	Data Description	Unit s	Data Range	Size	HDF 5 Type
L1B_Imaginary_Mean	target spectrum imaginary mean between half power points		+/-10-7	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
L1B_Imaginary_Mean_Flag		N/A	-1,0,+1 Not Processed=9	8	NATIVE_INT8
L1B_General_Quality_Flag	See notes below	N/A	0,+1 Not Processed=9	8	NATIVE_INT8
L1B_General_Error_Flag	See notes below	N/A	0,+1 Not Processed=9	8	NATIVE_INT8

L1B_General_Quality_Flag and L1B_General_Error_Flag are binary flags they are set to 0 (good) or 1 (bad).

L1B_General_Error_Flag set equal to 1 means that at some processing step an error was detected, and the spectrum was dropped. A spectrum with its L1B_General_Error_Flag set to 1 will not appear in the final product.

L1B_General_Quality_Flag set equal to 1 means that the spectrum may have some quality problem. A spectrum that just has some quality problem does appear in final L1B product.

The following datasets in L1B Nadir Brightness Temperatures are dimensioned only by Observations dim.

Data Name	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF 5 Type
L1B_Nadir_BT_11	Average brightness temperature in band 11		-100.0—1000.0 Fill = -999.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
L1B_Nadir_BT_12	Average brightness temperature in band 12		-100.0—1000.0 Fill = -999.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
L1B_Nadir_BT_8	Average brightness temperature in band 8		-100.0—1000.0 Fill = -999.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
L1B_Nadir_BT_5	Average brightness temperature in band 5		-100.0—1000.0 Fill = -999.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
L1B_Nadir_BT_10	Average brightness temperature in band 10		-100.0—1000.0 Fill = -999.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
L1B_N_Interpixel_Vari_BT10	Measure of variation in BT-10 across all pixels			32	NATIVE_FLOAT
L1B_N_Ipix_Var_Exceeded_BT10	Nadir scene interpixel variability exceeded threshold	N/A	-1 = Test not performed, 0 = False, 1 = True	8	NATIVE_INT8
L1B_N_Interpixel_Vari_BT11	Measure of variation in BT-11 across all pixels			32	NATIVE_FLOAT
L1B_N_ Ipix_Var_Exceeded_BT11	Nadir scene interpixel variability exceeded threshold	N/A	-1 = Test not performed, 0 = False, 1 = True	8	NATIVE_INT8

 Table 3-19: L1B_Brightness_Temperatures Group Datasets for Nadir



The following datasets in L1B Limb Brightness Temperatures are dimensioned Observations_dim x TES_pixel_dim.

Data Name	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF 5 Type
L1B_Limb_BT_11	Average brightness temperature in band 11		-100.0—1000.0 Fill = -999.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
L1B_Limb_BT_12	Average brightness temperature in band 12		-100.0—1000.0 Fill = -999.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
L1B_Limb_BT_8	Average brightness temperature in band 8		-100.0—1000.0 Fill = -999.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
L1B_Limb_BT_5	Average brightness temperature in band 5		-100.0—1000.0 Fill = -999.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
L1B_Limb_BT_10	Average brightness temperature in band 10		-100.0—1000.0 Fill = -999.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT

Table 3-20: L1B_Brightness_Temperatures Group Datasets for Limb

3.8 L1 ECS and TES-specific Metadata

3.8.1 Introduction

As with all ESDTs, TES ESDTs contain metadata that describes specific attributes about the data or the quality of data contained in the ESDT. Some of the basic metadata items are required by EOSDIS. These data items commonly include basic identification information and other generic information about the particular ESDT. These data items are referred to as ECS Inventory Metadata. In addition to ECS Inventory Metadata, TES ESDTs contain additional metadata more specific to the TES program. The TES-specific metadata has been subdivided into four subcategories based on the uniqueness of its origin and identification:

- 1. TES Production History
- 2. TES-Common
- 3. TES-L1B-Common
- 4. TES-L1B-observation specific

Production History Metadata Metadata common to all TES ESDTs Metadata common to all Level 1B ESDTs Metadata unique to a particular ESDT subtype.

TES common metadata are fairly generic to the entire family of TES ESDTs or to TES L1B products. TES-L1Bobservation specific, as described by name, are unique to a particular family of L1 ESDTs.

3.8.2 ECS Inventory Metadata

The ECS Inventory Metadata is implemented in the HDF file as text block named coremetadata within a group named HDFEOS INFORMATION.

Data Layer Name	Data Description	TES Valids	Type ¹	Source
AssociatedInstrumentShortName	Instrument short name supplied by TES project.	TES	VA20	MCF
AssociatedPlatformShortName	Platform short name supplied by EOS project.	Aura	VA20	MCF
AssociatedSensorShortName	Sensor short name supplied by TES project.	FTS	VA20	MCF
OperationMode	Mode of operation of the instrument.	Routine	VA20	MCF

¹ Data types and Source given are specified in document [3] in paragraph 1.5

Data Layer Name	Data Description	TES Valids	Type ¹	Source
ShortName	This name will identify the ESDT short name associat with the collection or granule.	(set in MCF file)	A8	MCF
VersionID	Version identifier of the ESDT data collection.	(set in MCF file)	SI	MCF
ProductionDateTime	The date and time a specific granule was produced by PGE.	YYYY-MM-DDT HH:MM:SS.SSSZ	DT	TK
SizeMBECSDataGranule	The size attribute will indicate the volume of data contained in the granule.		F10	DSS
LocalVersionID	Local version identifier for PGE defined granule versions. Takes the form "executable name: Clearcase label"		VA60	PGE
InputPointer	Description of location of Production History information.	"Production History block at: /TESMetadataGroup/P roductionHistory"	VA255	PGE
ParameterName	Scope of quality flags. For tests, refers to entire granu	Granule	A40	PGE
ScienceQualityFlag	The granule level flag applying generally to the granul and specifically to parameters at the granule level.	Passed Being Investigated Inferred Passed Suspect Failed Not Investigated Inferred Failed	VA25	DP
ScienceQualityFlagExplanation	A text explanation of the criteria used to set the ScienceQualityFlag including thresholds or other criteria.	(Free text)	VA255	DP
RangeBeginningDate	The year, month, and day when the temporal coverage period being described began.	YYYY-MM-DD	DT	PGE
RangeBeginningTime	The first hour, minute, and second of the temporal coverage period being described.	HH:MM:SSSSSSZ	Т	PGE
RangeEndingDate	The last year, month, and day when the temporal coverage period being described.	YYYY-MM-DD	DT	PGE
RangeEndingTime	The last hour, minute, and second of the temporal coverage period being described.	HH:MM:SSSSSSZ	Т	PGE
PGEVersion	The Release of the PGE software: e.g. "R6.1.2"		A10	PGE

3.8.3 Production History Metadata

The Production History Metadata is implemented as a single text block and written to the HDF file as a file level attribute. The Production History text block contains information about the L1 PGE and the running execution of the PGE to produce ESDT standard products. Static information in the text block describes the elements that make up the PGE like build configuration, support files and database table population. Dynamic information describes all the running parameters involved in a PGE execution for a specific RUN ID. This information is captured for both pre and post execution of the L1 Product PGE.

History Data	Data Description	Size (K)	State
ECS	Toolkit file for input/output file specification	23	Dynamic
Environment Variable	SIPS environment variables	5	Dynamic
Fetch	SIPS fetch list from archived	5	Dynamic
SIPS PCF	SIPS-specific PCF file for PGE processing	3	Dynamic
Workspace List (PRE)	File listing in SIPS PGE workspace prior to PGE execution	5	Dynamic
Workspace List (POST)	File listing in SIPS PGE workspace following PGE execution	5	Dynamic

Table 3-22: L1 Production History



Runtime	CPU and Wallclock PGE run time	0.1	Dynamic
Control Definition	Framework Parameter Definition File for output files	1	Static
Control Parameter	Framework Parameter Specification File for output files	0.02	Static
Control Parameter (Runtime)	Framework Parameter specified in the command line of the PGE	0.02	Dynamic
TimeStamp	RUN ID begin date and end date timestamp	0.05	Dynamic
README	README file that describes production history context	1	Static
PGE Version	PGE version information	0.2	Static
PGE specific configurations	TBD	TBD	TBD

3.8.4 TES-Common Metadata

Metadata shown below is common to all TES files.

Data Layer Name	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF5Type
InstrumentName	TES				NATIVE_CHAR
ProcessLevel	L1B,L2,L3,etc.				NATIVE_CHAR
TAI93At0zOfGranule					NATIVE_DOUBLE
GlobalSurveyNumber/ID	Run ID		0	64	NATIVE_INT64
GranuleMonth	Month granule was produced (from ECS MD RangeBeginningDate)		1-12	8	NATIVE_INT
GranuleDay	Day granule was produced (from ECS MD RangeBeginningDate)		1-31	8	NATIVE_INT
GranuleYear	Year granule was produced (from ECS MD RangeBeginningDate)				NATIVE_INT
SurveyMode	Type of survey, e.g., Global or Special				NATIVE_CHAR
PGEVersion	Release of PGE software: e.g. "R6.1.2"				NATIVE_CHAR
Command_Seq_ID	Command Sequence (Run) ID	N/A		32	NATIVE_INT32

Table 3-23: TES-Common Metadata

3.8.5 TES-L1B-Common Metadata

Metadata shown below is common to all TES L1B files.

The metadata item L1B_Data_Missing is calculated in the following way:

First, compute total_scans for the file, so for nadir scan is 144 and limb is 216, then compute row_count that is in L1B_tgt_spectra_quality tables. then compute difference between them and multiply it with 4 (number of focal planes) and 16 (number of pixels) and then add error_count found in General_error_flag, which is count of 1's in that file and then divide this number to total_scans * 4 * 16 and multiple by 100.

As code it looks like: L1B_Data_Missing = ((((total_scans - row_count) * NUM_FOCAL_PLANE * TES_PIXEL_DIM) + error_count) * 100) / ((total_scans * NUM_FOCAL_PLANE * TES_PIXEL_DIM));



Data Name	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF 5 Type
Run_Counter				32	NATIVE_INT32
Orbital_Path_ID			1233	8	NATIVE_UINT8
Absolute_Orbit_Number				32	NATIVE_INT32
Time_Of_Observation_Start	TAI time, for first observation in file			64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Time_Of_Observation_End	TAI time, for last observation in file			64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Geolocation_Data_Missing	No geolocation for observation count			16	NATIVE_INT16
IceContamination	Ice contamination exceeded threshold.	N/A	0,1	8	NATIVE_INT
L1A_Data_Missing	Sum of missing scans and bad quality scans (per pixel) written as a percentage of the total number of scans for all focal planes at Level 1A	N/A	0100.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
L1B_Data_Missing	Sum of missing scans and bad quality scans (per pixel) written as a percentage of the total number of scans for all focal planes at Level 1B	N/A	0100.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT

Table 3-24:	TES-L1B-Common	Metadata
1 4010 0 - 11		11100000000

3.8.6 **TES-L1B-Nadir Metadata**

Metadata shown below is present only in TES L1B Nadir files.

Data Name	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF 5 Type
Start_Frequency	Start Frequency		500 - 3200	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Delta Frequency	Frequency step size		.011	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE

3.8.7 **TES-L1B-Limb Metadata**

Metadata shown below is present only in TES L1B Limb files.

Data Name	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF 5 Type
Start_Frequency	Start Frequency		500 - 3200	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Delta_Frequency	Frequency step size		.011	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE

Table 3-26: TES-L1B-Limb Metadata





3.8.8 **TES-L1B-SO-Low Metadata**

Metadata shown below is present only in TES L1B SO Low-Resolution files.

Data Name	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF 5 Type
Start_Frequency	Start Frequency		500 - 3200	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Delta Frequency	Frequency step size		.011	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Observation_View	Specify Nadir or Limb view	n/a	'Nadir',		NATIVE_CHAR
			'Limb'		

Table 3-27	TES-L1B-SO-Low	Metadata
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TES-L1B-SO-High Metadata 3.8.9

Metadata shown below is present only in TES L1B SO High-Resolution files.

Data Name	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF 5 Type
Start_Frequency	Start Frequency		500 - 3200	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Delta_Frequency	Frequency step size		.011	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Observation_View	Specify Nadir or Limb	n/a	'Nadir', 'Limb'		NATIVE_CHAR

Table 3-28: TES-L1B-SO-High Metadata





4. LEVEL 2 STANDARD AND SPECIAL OBSERVATION PRODUCTS

4.1 Overview

The TES Level 2 (L2) subsystem generates information pertaining to the abundance of trace gases in the troposphere from analysis of spectra generated from the TES Level 1B subsystem. These spectra are evaluated by L2 using modeling algorithms collectively referred to as *retrieval*. An iterative process, retrieval compares an observed spectra to a modeled spectra, determines their similarity/dissimilarity, and the modifies the modeled spectra. Nominally, the retrieval process is repeated until the modeled spectra matches the observed spectra within certain tolerances. In addition to retrieving information pertaining to the distribution of trace atmospheric gases, L2 retrieves temperature information for the sampled atmosphere. The "retrieved" information is stored for later generation of L2 Products.

Before L2 can generate its products, the retrieval process is completed for all target scenes comprising a global survey or Special Observation run. A Global Survey consists of 16 consecutive orbits at the start of a two-day cycle. A Special Observation run may be less than one orbit or span multiple orbits. There can be more than one Special Observation run in a single orbit.

Once all retrievals are performed, L2 products are produced. While each retrieval yields information pertaining to several trace molecules (and temperature), L2 products include information for one molecular species (or temperature) for an entire global survey or Special Observation run. Data are oriented in this fashion to facilitate science evaluations where only one or a minimal set of atmospheric gases are involved.

4.1.1 Standard Products

L2 standard data products are segregated by observation type (limb and nadir) to minimize the use of fill data. For nadir observations, TES L2 standard products are produced for the following molecular species: H_2O , O_3 , CH_4 , CO, HDO, TATM (atmosphieric temperature). For limb observations, L2 standard products include molecular species: H_2O , O_3 , HDO, HNO₃, and TATM (atmospheric temperature). Limb CO, NO2 and CH4 may be producted in future releases. See Table 4-1.

Species	H2O	03	CH4	СО	HDO	NO2	HNO3	TATM
Nadir Swath Object	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х			Х
Limb Swath Object	Х	Х			Х		Х	Х

Table 4-1:	View	and	Species	Types
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To minimize the duplication of information among all these standard products, an additional standard product, termed an TES L2 Ancillary Data product, will be generated as well. All TES L2 standard products report this information along a uniform UARS pressure grid ordered from ground to space.

To facilitate sharing data products between all Aura platform science teams, the organization of the L2 Standard Data Products conforms to specifications dictated in the <u>HDF-EOS Aura File Format Guidelines</u> (Craig, et al). These guidelines lay down the basic file format and data format specifications for all L2 standard products. While the specific referenced document should be checked for details, the guidelines specify that all L2 standard products should be generated using HDF-EOS V5.x formatting specifications. All data are to be reported as "swath" data objects. The Local Granule ID is a unique identifier for locally produced granules that are then sent to the ECS for archive. The Local Granule ID is also the filename of the standard data product produced by Level 2.



The L2 standard product files are implemented using the HDF-EOS 5 file format. HDF-EOS 5 files have a default extension of ".he5". The ECS Local Granule ID (filename) for a L2 standard product is constructed using the following template:

TES-Aura_L2-<species>-<view>_r<run id>_<version id>.he5

ESDT Short Name	ECS File Type	Collection Summary	Local Granule ID ^a
TL2H2ON	HDF-EOS	TES/Aura L2 H2O Nadir	TES-Aura_L2-H2O-Nadir_rnnnnnnnnn_Fff_cc.he5
TL2H2OL	HDF-EOS	TES/Aura L2 H2O Limb	TES-Aura_L2-H2O-Limb_rnnnnnnnn_Fff_cc.he5
TL2O3N	HDF-EOS	TES/Aura L2 O3 Nadir	TES-Aura_L2-O3-Nadir_rnnnnnnnnn_Fff_cc.he5
TL2O3L	HDF-EOS	TES/Aura L2 O3 Limb	TES-Aura_L2-O3-Limb_rnnnnnnnn_Fff_cc.he5
TL2CH4N	HDF-EOS	TES/Aura L2 CH4 Nadir	TES-Aura_L2-CH4-Nadir_rnnnnnnnn_Fff_cc.he5
TL2CON	HDF-EOS	TES/Aura L2 CO Nadir	TES-Aura_L2-CO-Nadir_rnnnnnnnn_Fff_cc.he5
TL2HDON	HDF-EOS	TES/Aura L2 HDO Nadir	TES-Aura_L2-HDO-Nadir_rnnnnnnnnn_Fff_cc.he5
TL2HDOL	HDF-EOS	TES/Aura L2 HDO Limb	TES-Aura_L2-HDO-Limb_rnnnnnnnnn_Fff_cc.he5
TL2HNO3L	HDF-EOS	TES/Aura L2 HNO3 Limb	TES-Aura_L2-HNO3-Limb_rnnnnnnnn_Fff_cc.he5
TL2ATMTN	HDF-EOS	TES/Aura L2Atmospheric Temperatures Nadir	TES-Aura_L2-ATM-TEMP-Nadir_rnnnnnnnn_Fff_cc.he5
TL2ATMTL	HDF-EOS	TES/Aura L2 Atmospheric Temperatures Limb	TES-Aura_L2-ATM-TEMP-Limb_rnnnnnnnnn_Fff_cc.he5
TL2ANC	HDF-EOS	TES/Aura L2 Ancillary Data	TES-Aura_L2-ANCILLARY_rnnnnnnnnn_Fff_cc.he5
TL2CH4L	HDF-EOS	TES/Aura L2 CH4 Limb	TES-Aura_L2-CH4-Limb_rnnnnnnnn_Fff_cc.he5
TL2COL	HDF-EOS	TES/Aura L2 CO Limb	TES-Aura_L2-CO-Limb_rnnnnnnnn_Fff_cc.he5
TL2NO2L	HDF-EOS	TES/Aura L2 NO2 Limb	TES-Aura_L2-NO2-Limb_rnnnnnnnn_Fff_cc.he5

Table 4-2: EOS Aura	n TES Sta	ndard Pro	ducts (Level 2))
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a. Limb CH4, CO and NO2 are not produced in this release.

As mentioned above, each TES L2 standard product reports information in a standardized data organization, the swath. Each swath element is bounded by (1) the number of observations in a global survey and (2) a predefined set of pressure levels representing slices through the atmosphere.

The organization of data within the swath object is based on a superset of the UARS pressure levels used to report concentrations of trace atmospheric gasses. The reporting grid is the same pressure grid used for modeling. For R9, nadir products have 66 atmospheric reporting levels and limbs products 87 atmospheric reporting levels. These levels range from 1211.53 hPa, which allows for very high surface pressure conditions, to 0.1 hPa, about 65 km. In addition, the nadir and limb products will report values directly at the surface when possible or at the observed cloud top level. Thus in the Standard Product files each nadir and 88 limb different pressure levels within the atmosphere. However, for almost all retrieved profiles, the highest pressure levels are not observed due to a surface at lower pressure or cloud obscuration. For pressure levels corresponding to altitudes below the cloud top or surface, where measurements were not possible, a fill value will be applied.



In the standard products, the data will be organized as shown in the diagram below. The diagram shows the organization for an example limb product at 88 pressure levels (87 + 1 surface pressure). For nadir there would be 67 pressure levels (66 + 1 surface pressure). The value retrieved at the surface pressure is placed at the level below the last valid atmospheric standard pressure level. (The user can identify the value retrieved at the surface pressure because the remaining "levels" below that will have a fill value.)

88	Obs.	Obs.	Obs.	Obs.		Obs.	Obs.	Obs.	Obs.
Levels	1	2	3	4		1149	1150	1151	1152
88	Standard	Standard	Standard	Standard		Standard	Standard	Standard	Standard
	Pressure	Pressure	Pressure	Pressure		Pressure	Pressure	Pressure	Pressure
	Level	Level	Level	Level		Level	Level	Level	Level
87	٤٤	٠٠	دد	٤٤	66	٠٠	.د	دد	"
86	دد	دد	دد	دد	دد	دد	دد	دد	"
85	دد	دد	دد	دد	"	دد	دد	دد	"
		-							
•	•	•		•		•		•	•
•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
8	"	"	"	"		Surface	Standard		"
0						Pressure	Pressure		
						Tressure	Level		
7	"	"	Standard	"		Fill	Surface	Standard	"
,			Pressure				Pressure	Pressure	
			Level					Level	
6	"	Standard	Surface	Standard		Fill	Fill	Surface	"
		Pressure	Pressure	Pressure				Pressure	
		Level		Level					
5	Standard	Surface	Fill	Surface		Fill	Fill	Fill	Standard
	Pressure	Pressure		Pressure					Pressure
	Level								Level
4	Surface	Fill	Fill	Fill		Fill	Fill	Fill	Surface
	Pressure								Pressure
3	Fill	Fill	Fill	Fill		Fill	Fill	Fill	Fill
2	Fill	Fill	Fill	Fill		Fill	Fill	Fill	Fill
1	Fill	Fill	Fill	Fill		Fill	Fill	Fill	Fill

Finally, other data are included with estimates for molecular concentration. Some of these data such as precision estimates are reported at the same density as the data points, while other information defines an aspect of a target scene's characteristics in a single data value

4.1.2 Special Observation Products

L2 Special Observation data products are also segregated into separate products by observation type (limb and nadir).

The L2 Special Observation files are also implemented using the HDF-EOS 5 file format. HDF-EOS 5 files have a default extension of ".he5". The filename for a L2 Special Observation product is constructed using the following template:

TES-Aura_L2-<species>-SO-<view>_r<run id>_<version id>.he5



ESDT Short Name	ECS File Type	Collection Summary	Local Granule ID ^a
TL2H2ONS	HDF-EOS	TES/Aura L2 H2O Nadir Special Observation	TES-Aura_L2-H2O-SO-Nadir_rnnnnnnnn_Fff_cc.he5
TL2H2OLS	HDF-EOS	TES/Aura L2 H2O Limb Special Observation	TES-Aura_L2-H2O-SO-Limb_rnnnnnnnn_Fff_cc.he5
TL2O3NS	HDF-EOS	TES/Aura L2 O3 Nadir Special Observation	TES-Aura_L2-O3-SO-Nadir_rnnnnnnnnn_Fff_cc.he5
TL2O3LS	HDF-EOS	TES/Aura L2 O3 Limb Special Observation	TES-Aura_L2-O3-SO-Limb_rnnnnnnnnn_Fff_cc.he5
TL2CH4NS	HDF-EOS	TES/Aura L2 CH4 Nadir Special Observation	TES-Aura_L2-CH4-SO-Nadir_rnnnnnnnnn_Fff_cc.he5
TL2CONS	HDF-EOS	TES/Aura L2 CO Nadir Special Observation	TES-Aura_L2-CO-SO-Nadir_rnnnnnnnnn_Fff_cc.he5
TL2HDONS	HDF-EOS	TES/Aura L2 HDO Nadir Special Observation	TES-Aura_L2-HDO-SO-Nadir_rnnnnnnnnn_Fff_cc.he5
TL2HDOLS	HDF-EOS	TES/Aura L2 HDO Limb Special Observation	TES-Aura_L2-HDO-SO-Limb_rnnnnnnnnn_Fff_cc.he5
TL2HNO3S	HDF-EOS	TES/Aura L2 HNO3 Limb Special Observation	TES-Aura_L2-HNO3-SO-Limb_rnnnnnnnn_Fff_cc.he5
TL2TNS	HDF-EOS	TES/Aura L2Atmospheric Temperatures Nadir Special Observation	TES-Aura_L2-ATM-TEMP-SO-Nadir_rnnnnnnnnn_Fff_cc.he
TL2TLS	HDF-EOS	TES/Aura L2 Atmospheric Temperatures Limb Special Observation	TES-Aura_L2-ATM-TEMP-SO-Limb_rnnnnnnnnn_Fff_cc.he
TL2ANCS	HDF-EOS	TES/Aura L2 Ancillary Special Observation Data	TES-Aura_L2-ANCILLARY-SO_rnnnnnnnn_Fff_cc.he5
TL2CH4LS	HDF-EOS	TES/Aura L2 CH4 Limb Special Observation	TES-Aura_L2-CH4-SO-Limb_rnnnnnnnn_Fff_cc.he5
TL2COLS	HDF-EOS	TES/Aura L2 CO Limb Special Observation	TES-Aura_L2-CO-SO-Limb_rnnnnnnnn_Fff_cc.he5
TL2NO2S	HDF-EOS	TES/Aura L2 NO2 Limb Special Observation	TES-Aura_L2-NO2-SO-Limb_rnnnnnnnn_Fff_cc.he5

Table 4-3: EOS Aura TES Special Observation Products (Level 2)

a. Limb CH4, CO and NO2 are not produced in this release

As above for Standard Products, each TES L2 Special Observation product reports information in a standardized data organization, the swath. Each swath element is bounded by (1) the number of observations in a Special Observation run and (2) a predefined set of pressure levels representing slices through the atmosphere as described above.



4.2 Nadir File Structure

The file structure of each nadir standard or special observation product is depicted in the figure below. In addition to the swath object (described above), each nadir standard product also contains descriptive metadata. The organization and layout of metadata conforms to HDF-EOS guidelines. First, an ECS Metadata block, metadata that includes a set of mandatory data describing attributes about the standard product is found at the beginning of every standard product. TES-specific metadata follows the ECS metadata. These metadata fields are used to describe TES specific details. Some of these data will be common among all TES products, some common only to TES Level 2 products, and some specific only to Nadir L2 products.





4.3 Limb File Structure

Similar in structure to the Nadir data product above, the Limb or High-Resolution product consists of both metadata and a swath data object (see figure below).





4.4 Ancillary File Structure

There are a number data items common to both Nadir and Limb observations that are consistent for all species for a given global survey or Special Observation run. Rather than replicate these items repeatedly with each file, these data items have been incorporated into a single file termed the TES L2 Ancillary Data product. Thus, the Ancillary product would be required as a partner to any L2 nadir or limb product. If for a given Global Survey or Special Observation run, no data are acquired for a particular viewing mode (Nadir or Limb) or all data for that mode are missing, the corresponding object (AncillaryNadirSwath or AncillayLimbSwath) is not written.

See figure below.





http://eosweb.larc.nasa.gov
4.5 Nadir Data Fields

The Nadir Data Fields consist of primary data fields, which are VMR or temperature profiles and other data dimensioned by time and pressure levels, and the associated data fields, which are only dimensioned by time.

Each Data Field will be annotated using HDF-EOS Local Attributes which are listed in the table below. Data Field Attributes are a feature which can be useful in annotating plots as well as describing the data product to input routines. These attributes will be set via calls to he5_swwrlattr (HE5_SWwritelocattr for C users).

Attribute Name	Attribute Description	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
MissingValue	Contains the value for missing or fill dat 32 float : -999.0 64 double: -999.0 32 int : -999 16 int : -999 8 int : -99		Same type as Data Field
Title	For labeling a plot or axis.		NATIVE_CHAR
Units	Labeling units (for labeling color bars, converting between units, etc).		NATIVE_CHAR
UniqueFieldDefinition	Describes if definition of field is shared with other Aura Instruments ("Aura- Shared", "X-Specific", where X=Instrument Name, "X-Y[-Z]-Shared" where X,Y, and optional Z are instrumen names (in alphabetical order)		NATIVE_CHAR

4.5.1 Nadir Primary Data Fields

The table below shows the swath data dimensions. The pressure levels as shown in this table are the 66 pressure levels plus one surface level as described in the Overview (Section 4.1).

All nadir swath data fields are based on a unified data structure and are used to report results of retrievals of spectra received from the L1B subsystem. The VMR data for the particular species of interest is the primary data element of each swath data layer. It is accompanied by various indices of error that help in evaluating the quality of the retrieval.

Dimension Name	Valid Value (Description)
nLevels	Number of reported pressure levels (66+Surface)
nTimes	Number of reported observations

Table 4-4: Nadir 1	Primary Data	Fields	
Data Descriptions	Units	Data Range	Si

Data Field Name / Title *	Data Descriptions	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
[species]	VMR data or temperature data	VMR or			
TATM (Atmospheric	(dim nLevels x nTimes)	K		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
Temperature)					
H2O					
HDO					
O3					
CH4					
СО					

Data Field Name / Title *	Data Descriptions	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
[species]Precision	Square-roots of diagonal elements of the measurement error covariance. See comment for TotalError regarding use.	ln(VMR) or K		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
TotalError	(dim nLevels x nTimes) Square-roots of diagonal elements the output total error covariance (includes smoothing error, systematic error, and measurement error). For T _{ATM} , these values are the error bars. For atmospheric species, the positive error bar is: error+ = exp(ln(VMR) + error) - VMR. The negative error bar is: error = VMR - exp(ln(VMR) - error) (dim nLevels x nTimes)	ln(VMR) or K		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
VerticalResolution	Estimate of vertical resolution using the FWHM of averaging kernels (dim nL evels x nTimes)	meters		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
ConstraintVector	Constraint vector used in the retrieval (dim nLevels x nTimes)	ln(VMR) or K		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
AveragingKernel	The averaging kernel is the sensitivity of the estimated state to variations in the atmospheric state. The rows of the averaging kernel represent the sensitivity of the estimated state at a specific pressure level to variations in the atmospheric state at all levels. The columns of averaging kernel represent the sensitivity of the estimated state at all levels to variations in the atmospheric state at specific pressure level. For temperature, this is the sensitivity of the retrieved temperature to the true temperature. For atmospheric species this is the sensitivity of retrieved ln(VMR) to the true ln(VMR). (dim nLevels x nLevels x nTimes)	N/A		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
TotalErrorCovariance	Sum of measurement, systematic, and smoothing error covariances. For T_{ATM} , this is the covariance of the error of temperature. For atmospheric species, this is the covariance of the error of ln(VMR). (dim nL evels x nL evels x nTimes)	ln(VMR)^2 or K^2		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
MeasurementErrorCovariance	Propagated measured radiance noise. See comment for TotalErrorCovariance. (dim nLevels x nLevels x nTimes)	ln(VMR)^2 or K^2		32	NATIVE_FLOAT





Data Field Name / Title *	Data Descriptions	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
ObservationErrorCovariance	Measurement + systematic + cross-state errors. The utility of the observation error is for comparisons with other measurements and for assimilation. The smoothing error is accounted for when one applies the averaging kernel, so the observation error accounts for everything else. See comment for TotalErrorCovariance. (dim nLevels x nLevels x nTimes)	ln(VMR)^2 or K^2		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
Initial	Initial VMR data or temperature data (for retrieved temperature) used in the retrieval (dim nLevels x nTimes)	VMR or K		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
AveragingKernelDiagonal	Diagonal of the averaging kernel, which shows retrieval sensitivity. For temperature, this is the sensitivity of the retrieved temperature to the true temperature. For atmospheric species this is the sensitivity of retrieved ln(VMR) to the true ln(VMR). (dim nLevels x nTimes)	N/A		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
AirDensity	Air density for each pressure level (dim nLevels x nTimes)	Molec/m^3	0-1e+26	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
Pressure	List of the Pressure Levels used (dim nLevels x nTimes)	hPa	0.001-1300.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
Altitude	Derived altitude for each pressure level (dim nLevels x nTimes)	meters	0-70000	32	NATIVE_FLOAT

* Where [species] equals H2O, O3, CH4, CO, HDO, or Temperature

Ideally, species and associated precision and quality measures will be populated for all Target Scenes in the global survey. However, there will be times where completing retrievals will not be possible. The causes will be varied and might be due to bad spectra (based on evaluation by L1B), excessive cloud cover, or the retrieval was not performed for scheduling or other administrative reasons. Regardless of the cause for missing data, certain swath data fields will be set to a fill value according <u>HDF-EOS Aura File Format Guidelines</u>. Additionally, cloud cover may prevent retrieval down to the Earth's surface, resulting in partial retrievals. When such cases occur, pressure layers will contain fill values when no data exists.

4.5.2 Nadir Associated Data Fields

The table below provides the associated data dimensions. The data items shown in the following tables are also included in the Swath Data as Associated Data:

Dimension Name	Valid Value (Description)
nTimes	Number of reported observations
nFreq	25 frequencies (values listed in TES-L2-Common metadata)

Table 4-5: Ass	ociated Data	Field Dimen	sions Definitions
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Data Fields Name / Title	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
Scan_Averaged_Count	Number of scans averaged into a single	N/A	1-40	8	NATIVE_INT8
	target scene.		1 = no		
	(dim n limes)	1	averaging	0	
SpeciesRetrievalQuality	Species Retrieval Quality flag. True means retrieval passed quality check and	n/a	0 = poor	8	NATIVE_IN18
	reported errors are accurate.		1 = passed		
	(dim nTimes)		quality chec		
CloudTopPressure	Pressure of inferred cloud top (species	hPa	0.001	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
	independent)		1300.0		
	(dim nTimes)				
CloudTopPressureError	Error on Cloud Top Pressure. The	hPa	-17	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
	exp(ln(CloudTopPressure + error) -				
	CloudTopPressure. The negative error				
	bar is error- = CloudTopPressure -				
	nTimes)				
CloudEffectiveOpticalDepth	Vertical optical depth for the retrieved	n/a	0.0500.0	32	NATIVE FLOAT
r in the second s	non-scattering cloud calculated at 25			-	
	frequencies listed in TES-L2-Common-				
	Metadata (dim nTimes u nErec)				
	Error for Cloud Effective Optical Depth	n/a	0.0500.0	32	NATIVE ELOAT
r	calculated at 25 frequencies listed in	11/ a	0.0500.0	52	NATIVE_ILOAT
	TES-L2-Common-Metadata				
	(dim nTimes x nFreq)				
AverageCloudEffOpticalDepth	Quality value: the cloud mean optical	N/A	0 - 10000	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
	depth from $9/5 - 1200$ cm-1. This will be fill for the species HDO and H2O				
	(dim nTimes)				
SurfaceTemperature	Retrieved surface temperature from the	К	150.0 - 350	32	NATIVE FLOAT
r in the r	atmospheric termperature retrieval step			-	
	(dim nTimes)				
SurfaceTempError	Error in retrieved surface temperature	K	0.0 - 20.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
	(dim nTimes)				
SurfaceTempInitial	Initial surface temperature used for the	K	150.0 - 350	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
	(dim nTimes)				
SurfaceTempDegreesOfFreedom	(diffi fit fines)	N/A	0.0 2.0	32	NATIVE FLOAT
Surface rempDegreesOnreedom	(dim nTimes)	IN/A	0.0 - 2.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
SurfaceTempObservationError	Measurement + systematic + cross-state	к	0-50	32	NATIVE FLOAT
Ĩ	errors. The utility of the observation error	ĸ	0.50	52	
	is for comparisons with other measurement				
	and for assimilation. The smoothing error				
	averaging kernel, so the observation error				
	accounts for everything else. (dim nTime				
SurfaceTempConstraint	Surface temperature value used to constra	Κ	150.0 - 350	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
	the retrieval (species independent)				
	(dim nTimes)	IZ.	0.0 20.0	22	
Surface I empPrecision	Square-root of diagonal element of the measurement error covariance	К	0.0 - 20.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
	(dim nTimes)				

Table 4-6: Nadir Associated Data Fields





Data Fields Name / Title	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
TotalColumnDensity	Total column amount computed from the retrieved profile. For the Atmospheric Temperature Product this will be a fill value.	Molec/c	0 - 10^28	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
TotalColumnDensityError	(dim nTimes) Error in total column amount computed from total error covariance For the Atmospheric Temperature Product this will be a fill value. (dim nTimes)	Molec/c	0-10^28	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
TotalColumnDensityInitial	Total column amount computed from the initial profile. For the Atmospheric Temperature Product this will be a fill value. (dim nTimes)	Molec/c	0-10^28	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
SpeciesRetrievalConverged	Indicates whether the non-linear least squares solver converged to a minimum. True=1, False=0 (dim nTimes)	N/A	0 or 1 (Boolean)	8	NATIVE_INT8
DeviationVsRetrievalCovariance	Deviation vs. Retrieval Covariance (dim nTimes)		-10000.0 - 10000.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
RadianceResidualMean	Mean of the model and data radiance difference (per species). (dim nTimes)		-1000.0 - 1000.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
RadianceResidualRMS	RMS of model and data difference (dim nTimes)		0.0 - 100.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
RadianceResidualMax	Maximum absolute difference between model and data (dim nTimes)		-10000.0 - 10000.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
NumberIterPerformed	Actual number of iterations performed (dim nTimes)	Integer	Small number, typically < 8 and could be 0	8	NATIVE_INT8
MaxNumIterations	Maximum number of iterations allowed for convergence (dim nTimes)	N/A	<100	8	NATIVE_INT8
DegreesOfFreedomForSignal	Number of independent parameters for the profile (trace of the averaging kernel) (dim nTimes)	N/A	0.0—1000.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
InformationContent	Relative decrease in error volume with respect to a priori (dim nTimes)	N/A	-100.0— 1000.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
CloudVariability_QA	Quality value calculated from cloud variability. This will be fill for the species HDO and H2O. (dim nTimes)	N/A	0- 100	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
KDotDL_QA	Quality value calculating the signal left in the residual. This is the maximum of the dot product of the Jacobian (K) and the Radiance (L) divided by sqrt(K dot K) * sqrt(L dot L) (dim nTimes)	N/A	-100 - 100	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
LDotDL_QA	Quality value calculating the signal left in the residual. This is the dot product of the radiance (L) with the residual (dL) divided by sqrt(L dot L) * sqrt(dL dot dL) (dim nTimes)	N/A	-100 - 100	32	NATIVE_FLOAT



Data Fields Name / Title	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
Calibration_QA	Quality value of calculated from the calibration factors. This will be fill for the species HDO and H2O.	N/A	-2 - 2	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
	(dim nTimes)				
	This field will be fill for R10.				
H2O_HDO_Corr_QA	Checks that the H2O estimated in H2O / HDO step is consistent with H2O from TATM step. This will be fill in all products except H2O and HDO.	N/A	-50.0 - 50.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
	(dim nTimes)				
SurfaceEmissMean_QA	Quality value comparing the retrieved emissivity to the initial emissivity. Fill fo ocean and limb scenes. This will be fill fo the species HDO and H2O.	N/A	-2 - 2	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
	(dim nTimes)				
SurfaceTempVsApriori_QA	Quality value comparing the surface temperature to a priori value	K	-100 - 100	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
	(dim nTimes)				
SurfaceTempVsAtmTemp_QA	Quality value comparing the surface temperature to the lowest atmospheric pressure. This will be fill for the species CO, CH4, HDO, and H2O.	К	-100 - 100	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
	(dim nTimes)				
SurfaceEmissionLayer_QA	Quality value comparing the atmospheric temperature to the surface temperature	N/A	-100 - 100	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
	when ozone near the surface is elevated. This field will be fill for CO, CH4,				
	HDO and most H2O				
UTCTime	UTC time of ZPD (Zero Path Difference) 27 character string.	n/a		28	HE5T_CHARSTRIN G
	(dim nTimes x nLength)				String data type

4.6 Limb Data Fields

Like the Nadir Data Fields, the Limb Data Fields consist of the primary data fields, which are VMR or temperature profiles and other data dimensioned by time and pressure levels, and the associated data fields, which are only dimensioned by time.

Each Data Field will be annotated using HDF-EOS Local Attributes which are listed in the table below. Data Field Attributes are a feature which can be useful in annotating plots as well as describing the data product to input routines. These attributes will be set via calls to he5_swwrlattr (HE5_SWwritelocattr for C users).



Attribute Name	Attribute Description	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
MissingValue	Contains the value for missing or fill data. 32 float : -999.0 64 double: -999.0 32 int : -999 16 int : -999 8 int : -99		Same type as Data Field
Title	For labeling a plot or axis.		NATIVE_CHAR
Units	Labeling units (for labeling color bars, converting between units, etc).		NATIVE_CHAR
UniqueFieldDefinition	Describes if definition of field is shared with other Aura Instruments ("Aura- Shared", "X-Specific", where X=Instrument Name, "X-Y[-Z]-Shared" where X,Y, and optional Z are instrumen names (in alphabetical order)		NATIVE_CHAR

4.6.1 **Limb Primary Data Fields**

All swath data fields are based on a unified data structure and are used to report results of retrievals of spectra received from the L1B subsystem. The VMR data for the particular species of interest is the primary data element of each swath data layer. It is accompanied by various indices of error that help in evaluating the quality of the retrieval.

Ideally, species and associated precision and quality measures will be populated for all Target Scenes in the global survey. However, there will be times where completing retrievals will not be possible. The causes will be varied and might be due to bad spectra (based on evaluation by L1B), excessive cloud cover, or the retrieval was not performed for scheduling or other administrative reasons. Regardless of the cause for missing data, certain swath data fields will be set to a fill value according to the HDF-EOS Aura File Format Guidelines. Additionally, cloud cover may prevent retrieval down to the Earth's surface, resulting in partial retrievals. When such cases occur, pressure layers will contain fill values when no data exists.

Dimension Name	Valid Value (Description)
nLevels	Number of reported pressure levels (88)
nTimes	Number of reported observations

Table 4-7: Primary Data	Fields Dimensions Definitions
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Table	4-8:	Limb	Primarv	Data	Fields
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Data Field Name / Title *	Data Descriptions	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
[species] TATM (Atmospheric Temperature) H2O HDO O3 HNO3 (Limb CH4, CO and NO2 are not produced in this release)	VMR data or temperature data (for retrieved temperature) (dim nLevels x nTimes)	VMR or K		32	NATIVE_FLOAT



Data Field Name / Title *	Data Descriptions	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
[species]Precision	Square-roots of diagonal elements of the measurement error covariance. See comment for TotalError regarding use. (dim nLevels x nTimes)	ln(VMR) or K		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
TotalError	Square-roots of diagonal elements of the output total error covariance (includes smoothing error, systemat error, and measurement error). For T_{ATM} , these values are the error bars For atmospheric species, the positiv error bar is: error+ = exp(ln(VMR) error) - VMR. The negative error ba is: error- = VMR - exp(ln(VMR) - error) (dim nLevels x nTimes)	ln(VMR) or K		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
VerticalResolution	Estimate of vertical resolution using the FWHM of averaging kernels (dim nLevels x nTimes)	meters		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
ConstraintVector	Constraint vector used in the retrieval (dim nLevels x nTimes)	ln(VMR) or K		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
AveragingKernel	The averaging kernel is the sensitivity of the estimated state to variations in the atmospheric state. The rows of the averaging kernel represent the sensitivity of the estimated state at a specific pressure level to variations in the atmospheric state at all levels. The columns of averaging kernel represent the sensitivity of the estimated state at all levels to variations in the atmospheric state at specific pressure level. For temperature, this is the sensitivity of the retrieved temperature to the true temperature. For atmospheric species this is the sensitivity of retrieved ln(VMR) to the true ln(VMR). (dim nLevels x nLevels x nTimes)	N/A		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
TotalErrorCovariance	Sum of measurement, systematic, and smoothing error covariances. For T_{ATM} , this is the covariance of the error of temperature. For atmospheric species, this is the covariance of the error of ln(VMR). (dim nLevels x nLevels x nTimes)	ln(VMR)^2 or K^2		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
MeasurementErrorCovariance	Propagated measured radiance noise. See comment for TotalErrorCovariance. (dim nLevels x nLevels x nTimes)	ln(VMR)^2 or K^2		32	NATIVE_FLOAT



Data Field Name / Title *	Data Descriptions	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
ObservationErrorCovariance	Measurement + systematic + cross- state errors. The utility of the observation error is for comparisons with other measurements and for assimilation. The smoothing error is accounted for when one applies the averaging kernel, so the observation error accounts for everything else. See comment for TotalErrorCovariance. (dim nLevels x nLevels x nTimes)	ln(VMR)^2 or K^2		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
Initial	Initial VMR data or temperature data (for retrieved temperature) used in the retrieval	VMR or K		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
AveragingKernelDiagonal	(dim nLevels x n1imes) Diagonal of the averaging kernel, which shows retrieval sensitivity. For temperature, this is the sensitivity of the retrieved temperature to the true temperature. For atmospheric species this is the sensitivity of retrieved ln(VMR) to the true ln(VMR). (dim nLevels x nTimes)	N/A		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
AirDensity	Air density for each pressure level (dim nLevels x nTimes)	Molec/m ³	0-1e+26	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
Pressure	List of the 88 Pressure Levels used (dim nLevels x nTimes)	hPa	0.001-1300.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
Altitude	Derived altitude for each pressure level (dim nLevels x nTimes)	meters	0-70000	32	NATIVE_FLOAT

* Where [species] equals H2O, O3, HDO, HNO3, or Temperature. Limb CH4, CO and NO2 are not produced in this release

4.6.2 Limb Associated Data Fields

The table below provides the associated data dimensions. The data items shown in the following tables are also included in the Swath Data as Associated Data:

Table 4-9	: Associated	Data	Field	Dimensions	Definitions
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Dimension Name	Valid Value (Description)
nTimes	Number of reported observations
nFreq	25 frequencies (values listed in TES-L2-Common metadata
nPixels	16 number of pixels from one focal plane

Table 4-10: Li	imb Associated	Data Fields
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Data Fields Name / Title	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
SpeciesRetrievalQuality	Species Retrieval Quality flag. True means retrieval passed quality check and reported errors are accurate. (dim nTimes)	n/a	0 = poor quality 1 = passed quality chec	8	NATIVE_INT8

Data Fields Name / Title	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
CloudTopPressure	Pressure of inferred cloud top (specie independent) (dim nTimes) This field will be fill for R10.	hPa	0.001 1300.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
CloudTopPressureError	Error on Cloud Top Pressure. The positive error bar is error+ = exp(ln(CloudTopPressure + error) - CloudTopPressure. The negative error bar is error- = CloudTopPressure - exp(ln(CloudTopPressure - error). (dim nTimes) This field will be fill for R10.	hPa	-17	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
CloudEffectiveOpticalDepth	Vertical optical depth for the retrieved non-scattering cloud calculated at 25 frequencies listed in TES-L2-Common-Metadata (dim nTimes x nFreq)	n/a	0.0500.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
CloudEffectiveOpticalDepthErr or	Error for Cloud Effective Optical Depth calculated at 25 frequencies listed in TES-L2-Common- Metadata (dim nTimes x nFreq) This field will be fill for R10.	n/a	0.0500.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
AverageCloudEffOpticalDepth	Quality value: the cloud mean optica depth from 975 – 1200 cm-1 (dim nTimes) This field will be fill for R10.	N/A	0 - 10000	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
TotalColumnDensity	Total column amount computed from the retrieved profile. For the Atmospheric Temperature Product this will be a fill value. (dim nTimes)	Molec/cm ²	0-10^28	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
TotalColumnDensityError	Error in total column amount computed from total error covariance For the Atmospheric Temperature Product this will be a fill value. (dim nTimes)	Molec/cm ²	0-10^28	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
TotalColumnDensityInitial	Total column amount computed from the initial profile. For the Atmospheric Temperature Product this will be a fill value. (dim nTimes)	Molec/cm ²	0-10^28	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
SpeciesRetrievalConverged	Indicates whether the non-linear least squares solver converged to a minimum. True=1, False=0 (dim nTimes)		0 or 1 (Boolean)	8	NATIVE_INT8
DeviationVsRetrievalCovarian ce	Deviation vs. Retrieval Covariance (dim nTimes)		-10000.0 - 10000.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
RadianceResidualMean	Mean of the model and data radiance difference (per species). Per pixel from focal plane used in retrieval. (dim nTimes x nPixels)		-1000.0 - 1000.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
RadianceResidualRMS	RMS of model and data difference. Per pixel from focal plane used in retrieval. (dim nTimes x nPixels)		0.0 - 100.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT



Data Fields Name / Title	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
RadianceResidualMax	Maximum absolute difference betwee model and data (dim nTimes)		-10000.0 - 10000.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
NumberIterPerformed	Actual number of iterations performe (dim nTimes)	Integer	Small number, typically < 8 and could be 0	8	NATIVE_INT8
MaxNumIterations	Maximum number of iterations allow for convergence (dim nTimes)		< 100	8	NATIVE_INT8
DegreesOfFreedomForSignal	Number of independent parameters for the profile (trace of the averaging kernel) (dim nTimes)	N/A	0.0—1000.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
InformationContent	Relative decrease in error volume with respect to a priori (dim nTimes)	N/A	-100.0— 1000.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
CloudVariability_QA	Quality value calculated from cloud variability (dim nTimes) This field will be fill for R10.	N/A	0- 100	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
KDotDL_QA	Quality value calculating the signal left in the residual. This is the maximum of the dot product of the Jacobian (K) and the Radiance (L) divided by sqrt(K dot K) * sqrt(L dot L) (dim nTimes)	N/A	-100 - 100	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
LDotDL_QA	Quality value calculating the signal left in the residual. This is the dot product of the radiance (L) with the residual (dL) divided by sqrt(L dot L) * sqrt(dL dot dL) (dim nTimes)	N/A	-100 - 100	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
Calibration_QA	Quality value of calculated from the calibration factors. This will be fill fo the species HDO and H2O. (dim nTimes) This field will be fill for R10.	N/A	-2 - 2	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
H2O_HDO_Corr_QA	Checks that the H2O estimated in H2O / HDO step is consistent with H2O from TATM step. This will be fill in all products except H2O and HDO. (dim nTimes)	N/A	-50.0 - 50.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
UTCTime	UTC time of ZPD (Zero Path Difference) 27 character string. (dim nTimes x nLength)	n/a		28	HE5T_CHARSTRIN G String data type

4.7 **Ancillary Data Fields**

The Ancillary ESDT contains the Associated Data Fields common to all species that were not included in the individual species files. One Ancillary ESDT will be created for each global survey. If for a given Global Survey or Special Observation run, no data are acquired for a particular viewing mode (Nadir or Limb) or all data for that mode are missing, the corresponding object (AncillaryNadirSwath or AncillayLimbSwath) is not written.



http://eosweb.larc.nasa.gov

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Each Data Field will be annotated using HDF-EOS Local Attributes which are listed in the table below. Data Field Attributes are a feature which can be useful in annotating plots as well as describing the data product to input routines. These attributes will be set via calls to he5_swwrlattr (HE5_SWwritelocattr for C users).

Attribute Name	Attribute Description	Size	Туре	HDF-EOS 5 Type
MissingValue	Contains the value for missing or fill data. 32 float : -999.0 64 double: -999.0 32 int : -999 16 int : -999 8 int : -99			Same type as Data Field
Title	For labeling a plot or axis.		char	NATIVE_CHAR
Units	Labeling units (for labeling color bars, converting between units, etc).		char	NATIVE_CHAR
UniqueFieldDefinition	Describes if definition of field is shared with other Aura Instruments ("Aura- Shared", "X-Specific", where X=Instrument Name, "X-Y[-Z]-Shared" where X,Y, and optional Z are instrumen names (in alphabetical order)		char	NATIVE_CHAR



Each Ancillary ESDT will consist of two Ancillary Data swaths, Nadir and Limb. Each Ancillary Data swath will contain the following data items:

Dimension Name	Valid Value (Description)			
nTimes	Number of reported observations			
nFreq	121 emissivity wavenumbers (listed in TES-L2-Common metadata)			
nLevels	Number of reported pressure levels			
nPixels	64 total number of pixels			

Table 4-11: Ancillary Data Dimensions Definitions

Ancillary Data Fields / Title	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
SpacecraftLatitude	Geodetic latitude referenced to WGS84 ellipsoid	Decimal degrees	± 90.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
Q. QI 4 1	(dim nTimes)	D . 1	. 100.0	22	NATIVE FLOAT
SpacecraftLongitude	ellipsoid	degrees	± 180.0	32	NATIVE_FLUAT
	(dim nTimes)	0			
SpacecraftAltitude	Height referenced to WGS84 ellipsoid	meters		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
	(dim nTimes)				
OrbitAscendingFlag	True=1, False=0		0 or 1 (Boolear	8	NATIVE_INT8
	(dim nTimes)				
SolarAzimuthAngle	Solar azimuth angle relative to the local north at the geolocation. (From geolocation table)	Decimal degrees		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
	(dim nTimes)				
PixelsUsedFlag	True=1, False=0		64 chars, one	520 total	NATIVE_CHAR
	(dim nTimes x nPixels)		for each pixel		
OzoneTroposphericColumn	Column amount from the surface to TropopausePressue computed from the retrieved profile. (dim nTimes)	Molec/cm^2	0 - 10^28	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
OzoneTroposphericColumnError	Error in the column amount from the surface to TropopausePressue computed from the total error covariance. (dim nTimes)	Molec/cm^2	0 - 10^28	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
OzoneTroposphericColumnInitial	Initial column amount from the surface to TropopausePressue computed from the initial profile. (dim nTimes)	Molec/cm^2	0-10^28	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
TropopausePressure	Pressure between the troposphere and stratosphere used to calculate the tropospheric column (dim nTimes)	hPa	10 - 1300	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
SurfaceEmissivity	Retrieved surface emissivity for land nadir targets. Fill values for scenes where emissivity not retrieved. (dim nFreq x nTimes)		0.0 - 2.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT





Ancillary Data Fields / Title	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
SurfaceEmissErrors	Errors in retrieved surface emissivity for land nadir targets. Fill values for scenes where emissivity not retrieved. (dim nFreq x nTimes)			32	NATIVE_FLOAT
SurfaceEmissConstraint	A priori surface emissivity for land nadir targets. Fill values for scenes where emissivity not retrieved. (dim nFreq x nTimes)		0.0 - 2.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
SurfaceEmissInitial	Initial surface emissivity land nadir targets. (dim nFreq x nTimes)		0.0 - 2.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
T_H2OCovariance	Error covariance terms for joint temperature and water retrieval (dim nLevels x nLevels x nTimes)	K*ln(VMR)	-10.0 - 10.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
T_H2OAveragingKernel	The averaging kernel is the sensitivity of the estimated state to variations in the atmospheric state. The rows of the averaging kernel represent the sensitivity of the estimated state at a specific pressure level to variations in the atmospheric state at all levels. The columns of averaging kernel represent the sensitivity of the estimated state at all levels to variations in the atmospheric state at specific pressure level. Averaging kernel terms for joint temperature and water retrieval (influence of T on H2O) (dim nLevels x nLevels x nTimes)	N/A	-10.0 - 10.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
H2O_TAveragingKernel	The averaging kernel is the sensitivity of the estimated state to variations in the atmospheric state. The rows of the averaging kernel represent the sensitivity of the estimated state at a specific pressure level to variations in the atmospheric state at all levels. The columns of averaging kernel represent the sensitivity of the estimated state at all levels to variations in the atmospheric state at specific pressure level. Averaging kernel terms for joint temperature and water retrieval (influence of H2O on T) (dim nLevels x nLevels x nTimes)	N/A	-10.0 - 10.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
HDO_H2ORatioMeasurementErr orCovariance	Measurement error covariance for the ratio of HDO to H2O	N/A	-4.0 - 4.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
HDO_H2ORatioSystematicError Covariance	Systematic error covariance for the ratio of HDO to H2O (dim nLevels x nLevels x nTimes)	N/A	-4.0 - 4.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
HDO_H2ORatioTotalErrorCovari ance	Total error covariance for the ratio of HDO to H2O (dim nLevels x nLevels x nTimes)	N/A	-4.0 - 4.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT



Ancillary Data Fields / Title	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
HDO_H2OAveragingKernel	The averaging kernel is the sensitivity of the estimated state to variations in the atmospheric state. The rows of the averaging kernel represent the sensitivity of the estimated state at a specific pressure level to variations in the atmospheric state at all levels. The columns of averaging kernel represent the sensitivity of the estimated state at all levels to variations in the atmospheric state at specific pressure level. Averaging kernel terms for joint HDO and water retrieval (influence of HDO on H2O) (dim nLevels x nLevels x nTimes)	N/A	-10.0 -10.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
H2O_HDOAveragingKernel	The averaging kernel is the sensitivity of the estimated state to variations in the atmospheric state. The rows of the averaging kernel represent the sensitivity of the estimated state at a specific pressure level to variations in the atmospheric state at all levels. The columns of averaging kernel represent the sensitivity of the estimated state at all levels to variations in the atmospheric state at specific pressure level. Averaging kernel terms for joint HDO and water retrieval (influence of H2O on HDO) (dim nLevels x nLevels x nTimes)	N/A	-10.0 - 10.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
Filter_Position_1A	Filter position for Focal Plane 1A (dim nTimes)	N/A	1-5	8	NATIVE_INT8
Filter_Position_1B	Filter position for Focal Plane 1B (dim nTimes)	N/A	1-2	8	NATIVE_INT8
Filter_Position_2A	Filter position for Focal Plane 2A (dim nTimes)	N/A	1-4	8	NATIVE_INT8
Filter_Position_2B	Filter position for Focal Plane 2B (dim nTimes)	N/A	1	8	NATIVE_INT8
UTCTime	UTC time of ZPD (Zero Path Difference) 27 character string. (dim nTimes x nLength)	n/a		28	HE5T_CHARSTRIN G String data type

Table 4-13: Ancillary Limb Data Fields

Ancillary Data Fields / Title	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
SpacecraftLatitude	Geodetic latitude referenced to WGS84 ellipsoid (dim nTimes)	Decimal degrees	± 90.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
SpacecraftLongitude	Longitude referenced to WGS84 ellipsoid (dim nTimes)	Decimal degrees	± 180.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
SpacecraftAltitude	Height referenced to WGS84 ellipsoid (dim nTimes)	meters		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
OrbitAscendingFlag	True=1, False=0 (dim nTimes)		0 or 1 (Boolean	8	NATIVE_INT8
SolarAzimuthAngle	Solar azimuth angle relative to local north at the spacecraft. (dim nTimes)	Decimal degrees		32	NATIVE_FLOAT



Ancillary Data Fields / Title	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
PixelsUsedFlag	True=1, False=0		64 chars, one	520 total	NATIVE_CHAR
	(dim nTimes x nPixels)		for each pixel		
TropopausePressure	Pressure between the troposphere and stratosphere used to calculate the tropospher column (dim nTimes)	hPa	10 - 1300	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
RetrievedPointingAngle	Retrieved value of the boresight nadir angles using TES limb spectral radiances. (Limb only) (dim nTimes)	Decimal degrees		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
RetrievedPointingAngleError	Error of retrieved value of the boresight nac angles using TES limb spectral radiances. (Limb only) (dim nTimes)	Decimal degrees		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
T_H2OCovariance	Error covariance terms for joint temperature and water retrieval (dim nLevels x nLevels x nTimes)	K*ln(VMR)	-4.0 - 4.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
T_H2OAveragingKernel	The averaging kernel is the sensitivity of the estimated state to variations in the atmospheric state. The rows of the averaging kernel represent the sensitivity of the estimated state at a specific pressure level to variations in the atmospheric state at all levels. The columns of averaging kernel represent the sensitivity of the estimated state at all levels to variations in the atmospheric state at specific pressure level. Averaging kernel terms for joint temperature and water retrieval (influence of T on H2O) (dim nLevels x nLevels x nTimes)	N/A	-10.0 - 10.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
H2O_TAveragingKernel	The averaging kernel is the sensitivity of the estimated state to variations in the atmospheric state. The rows of the averaging kernel represent the sensitivity of the estimated state at a specific pressure level to variations in the atmospheric state at all levels. The columns of averaging kernel represent the sensitivity of the estimated state at all levels to variations in the atmospheric state at specific pressure level. Averaging kernel terms for joint temperature and water retrieval (influence of H2O on T) (dim nLevels x nLevels x nTimes)	N/A	-10.0 – 10.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
HDO_H2ORatioMeasurement ErrorCovariance	Measurement error covariance for the ratio of HDO to H2O (dim nLevels x nLevels x nTimes)	N/A	-4.0 - 4.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
HDO_H2ORatioSystematicErr orCovariance	Systematic error covariance for the ratio of HDO to H2O (dim nLevels x nLevels x nTimes) This field will be fill for R10 .	N/A	-4.0 - 4.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
HDO_H2ORatioTotalErrorCov ariance	Total error covariance for the ratio of HDO to H2O (dim nLevels x nLevels x nTimes)	N/A	-4.0 - 4.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT



Ancillary Data Fields / Title	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
HDO_H2OAveragingKernel	The averaging kernel is the sensitivity of the estimated state to variations in the atmospheric state. The rows of the averaging kernel represent the sensitivity of the estimated state at a specific pressure level to variations in the atmospheric state at all levels. The columns of averaging kernel represent the sensitivity of the estimated state at all levels to variations in the atmospheric state at specific pressure level. Averaging kernel terms for joint HDO and water retrieval (influence of HDO on H2O) (dim nLevels x nLevels x nTimes)	N/A	-10.0 -10.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
H2O_HDOAveragingKernel	The averaging kernel is the sensitivity of the estimated state to variations in the atmospheric state. The rows of the averaging kernel represent the sensitivity of the estimated state at a specific pressure level to variations in the atmospheric state at all levels. The columns of averaging kernel represent the sensitivity of the estimated state at all levels to variations in the atmospheric state at specific pressure level. Averaging kernel terms for joint HDO and water retrieval (influence of H2O on HDO) (dim nLevels x nLevels x nTimes)	N/A	-10.0 - 10.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
Filter_Position_1A	Filter position for Focal Plane 1A (dim nTimes)	N/A	1-5	8	NATIVE_INT8
Filter_Position_1B	Filter position for Focal Plane 1B (dim nTimes)	N/A	1-2	8	NATIVE_INT8
Filter_Position_2A	Filter position for Focal Plane 2A (dim nTimes)	N/A	1-4	8	NATIVE_INT8
Filter_Position_2B	Filter position for Focal Plane 2B (dim nTimes)	N/A	1	8	NATIVE_INT8
UTCTime	UTC time of ZPD (Zero Path Difference) 27 character string. (dim nTimes x nLength)	n/a		28	HE5T_CHARSTRI NG String data type



4.8 **Geolocation Fields**

The Geolocation Data is used to provide generic geolocation and spacecraft pointing information. This information is included with each species specific ESDT and copied identically into the Ancillary ESDT.

Each Data Field will be annotated using HDF-EOS Local Attributes which are listed in the table below. Data Field Attributes are a feature which can be useful in annotating plots as well as describing the data product to input routines. These attributes will be set via calls to he5 swwrlattr (HE5 SWwritelocattr for C users).

Attribute Name	Attribute Description	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
MissingValue	Contains the value for missing or fill data. 32 float : -999.0 64 double: -999.0 32 int : -999 16 int : -999 8 int : -99		Same type as Data Field
Title	For labeling a plot or axis.		NATIVE_CHAR
Units	Labeling units (for labeling color bars, converting between units, etc).		NATIVE_CHAR
UniqueFieldDefinition	Describes if definition of field is shared with other Aura Instruments ("Aura- Shared", "X-Specific", where X=Instrument Name, "X-Y[-Z]-Shared" where X,Y, and optional Z are instrumen names (in alphabetical order)		NATIVE_CHAR

Table 4-14: Geolocation Dimensions

Dimension Name	Valid Value (Description)
nTimes	Number of reported observations

Table 4-15: Nadir Geolocation Fields

Geolocation Fields Name / Title	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
Sequence	Sequence number within a run (dim nTimes)	n/a		16	NATIVE_INT16
Scan	Scan number within a sequence, or if averaging was performed, first scan of an averaged set. (dim nTimes)	n/a		16	NATIVE_INT16
Time	Time (TAI93) of ZPD (Zero Path Difference) (dim nTimes)	sec		64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
DayNightFlag	Flag for day or night (dim nTimes)	n/a	0 = night $1 = day$	8	NATIVE_INT8
Latitude	Geodetic Latitude (dim nTimes)	Decimal degrees	± 90.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
Longitude	Geodetic Longitude (dim nTimes)	Decimal degrees	± 180.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
SurfaceElevStandardDeviation	From DEM, standard deviation of average elevation over footprint (dim nTimes)	meters		32	NATIVE_FLOAT



SurfaceTypeFootprint	From DEM, 1=Fresh Water, 2=Salt Water, 3=Land, 4=Mixed (not 100% of FW, SW, or Land). If averaging was performed, refers to first scan of an averaged set. (dim nTimes)	Enumer- ated	14	8	NATIVE_INT8
DominantSurfaceType	From the USGS Global Land Cover Characteristics Data Base described at: http://edcsns17.cr.usgs.gov/glcc/glob doc2_0.html If averaging was performed, refers to first scan of an averaged set. 1 = Urban and Built-Up Land 2 = Dryland Cropland and Pasture 3 = Irrigated Cropland and Pasture 4 = Mixed Dryland/Irrigated Cropland and Pasture 5 = Cropland/Grassland Mosaic 6 = Cropland/Woodland Mosaic 7 = Grassland 8 = Shrubland 9 = Mixed Shrubland/Grassland 10 = Savanna 11 = Deciduous Broadleaf Forest 12 = Deciduous Needleleaf Forest 13 = Evergreen Broadleaf Forest 14 = Evergreen Needleleaf Forest 15 = Mixed Forest 16 = Water Bodies 17 = Herbaceous Wetland 18 = Wooded Wetland 19 = Barren or Sparsely Vegetated 20 = Herbaceous Tundra 21 = Wooded Tundra 22 = Mixed Tundra 23 = Bare Ground Tundra 24 = Snow or Ice 90 = Alluvial Sand 99 = Interrupted Areas (Goodes Homolosine Projection) 100 = Alluvial Sand (dim nTimes)	Enumera ted	1-24, 99, 100	8	NATIVE_INT8
BoresightNadirAngle	TES boresight (LOS) nadir angle relative to the local nadir at SC (dim nTimes)	Decimal degrees	090	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
BoresightNadirAngleUnc	Uncertainty in TES boresight nadir angle (dim nTimes)	Decimal degrees	±90	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
BoresightAzimuth	TES boresight (LOS) azimuth angle relative to the local north at SC (dim nTimes)	Decimal degrees	0360	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
SolarZenithAngle	Solar zenith relative to the local zenith at the spacecraft (dim nTimes)	Decimal degrees	0180	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
LocalSolarTime	Local solar time at target geolocation. Computed from target longitude and UTC. (dim nTimes)	hours		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
Tgt_SpacecraftZenith	TES boresight (LOS) zenith angle relative to the local zenith at the target geolocation. (dim nTimes)	Decimal degrees	±90	32	NATIVE_FLOAT



Tgt_SpacecraftAzimuth	TES boresight (LOS) azimuth angle relative to the local north at the target geolocation. (dim nTimes)	Decimal degrees (east of north)	±90	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
Latitude_Footprint_1	Geo-location in geodetic co- ordinates of the four corners of the	Decimal degrees	±90	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Latitude_Footprint_2	footprint. Nadir footprint determined by field of view of pixels. Limb	Decimal degrees	±90	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Latitude_Footprint_3	footprint is ±60 km track, ±12 km crosstrack from surface expression of boresight tangent point. Latitude_Footprint_1=LowerLeft Latitude_Footprint_2=LowerRight Latitude_Footprint_3=UpperRight Latitude_Footprint_4=UpperLeft (dim nTimes)	Decimal degrees	±90	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Latitude_Footprint_4		Decimal degrees	±90	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Longitude_Footprint_1	Geo-location in geodetic co- ordinates of the four corners of the	Decimal degrees	±180	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Longitude_Footprint_2	footprint. Nadir footprint determined by field of view of pixels. Limb footprint is ±60 km track, ±12 km crosstrack from surface expression of boresight tangent point Longitude_Footprint_1=LowerLeft Longitude_Footprint_2=LowerRight Longitude_Footprint_3=UpperRight Longitude_Footprint_4=UpperLeft (dim nTimes)	Decimal degrees	±180	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Longitude_Footprint_3		Decimal degrees	±180	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Longitude_Footprint_4		Decimal degrees	±180	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE

Table 4-16: Limb Geolocation Fields

Geolocation Fields Name / Title	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
Sequence	Sequence number within a run (dim nTimes)	n/a		16	NATIVE_INT16
Scan	Scan number within a sequence, or if averaging was performed, first scan of an averaged set. (dim nTimes)	n/a		16	NATIVE_INT16
Time	Time (TAI93) of ZPD (Zero Path Difference) (dim nTimes)	sec		64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
DayNightFlag	Flag for day or night (dim nTimes)	n/a	0 = night 1 = day	8	NATIVE_INT8
Latitude	Geodetic Latitude (dim nTimes)	Decimal degrees	± 90.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
Longitude	Geodetic Longitude (dim nTimes)	Decimal degrees	± 180.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
SurfaceElevStandardDeviation	From DEM, standard deviation of average elevation over footprint (dim nTimes)	meters		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
SurfaceTypeFootprint	From DEM, 1=Fresh Water, 2=Salt Water, 3=Land, 4=Mixed (not 100% of FW, SW, or Land). If averaging was performed, refers to first scan of an averaged set. (dim nTimes)	Enumer- ated	14	8	NATIVE_INT8
BoresightNadirAngle	TES boresight (LOS) nadir angle relative to local nadir at SC (dim nTimes)	Decimal degrees	0180	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE



BoresightNadirAngleUnc	Uncertainty in TES boresight nadir angle (dim nTimes)	Decimal degrees	±90	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
BoresightTangentHeight	Geodetic elevation of instrument boresight at the tangent point (around 16 km) (dim nTimes)	meters		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
BoresightTangentHeightUnc	TES Boresight Tangent Height uncertainty (dim nTimes)	meters		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
BoresightAzimuth	TES boresight (LOS) azimuth angle relative to local north at SC (dim nTimes)	Decimal degrees	0360	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
SolarZenithAngle	Solar zenith relative to the local zenith at the spacecraft (dim nTimes)	Decimal degrees		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
LocalSolarTime	Local solar time at target geolocation. Computed from target longitude and UTC. (dim nTimes)	hours		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
Tgt_SpacecraftZenith	TES boresight (LOS) zenith angle relative to the local zenith at the target geolocation. (dim nTimes)	Decimal degrees	±90	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
Tgt_SpacecraftAzimuth	TES boresight (LOS) azimuth angle relative to the local north at the target geolocation. (dim nTimes)	Decimal degrees (east of north)	±90	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
Latitude_Footprint_1	Geo-location in geodetic co- ordinates of the four corners of the	Decimal degrees	±90	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Latitude_Footprint_2	footprint. Nadir footprint determined by field of view of pixels. Limb	Decimal degrees	±90	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Latitude_Footprint_3	footprint is ± 60 km track, ± 12 km crosstrack from surface expression	Decimal degrees	±90	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Latitude_Footprint_4	of boresignt tangent point. Latitude_Footprint_1=LowerLeft Latitude_Footprint_2=LowerRight Latitude_Footprint_3=UpperRight Latitude_Footprint_4=UpperLeft (dim nTimes)	Decimal degrees	±90	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Longitude_Footprint_1	Geo-location in geodetic co- ordinates of the four corners of the	Decimal degrees	±180	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Longitude_Footprint_2	footprint. Nadir footprint determined by field of view of pixels. Limb	Decimal degrees	±180	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Longitude_Footprint_3	footprint is ± 60 km track, ± 12 km crosstrack from surface expression	Decimal degrees	±180	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
Longitude_Footprint_4	Longitude_Footprint_1=LowerLeft Longitude_Footprint_2=LowerRight Longitude_Footprint_3=UpperRight Longitude_Footprint_4=UpperLeft (dim nTimes)	Decimal degrees	±180	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE



4.9 L2 ECS and TES-specific Metadata

4.9.1 Introduction

As with all ESDTs, TES ESDTs contain metadata that describes specific attributes about the data or the quality of data contained in the ESDT. Some of the basic metadata items are required by EOSDIS. These data items commonly include basic identification information and other generic information about the particular ESDT. These data items are referred to as ECS Inventory Metadata. In addition to ECS Inventory Metadata, additional TES ESDTs contain additional metadata more specific to the TES program. The TES-specific metadata has been subdivided into four subcategories based on the uniqueness of its origin and identification:

- 1. Production History Production History Metadata **TES-Common** Metadata common to all TES ESDTs 2. Metadata common to all Level 2 ESDTs
 - 3. TES-L2-Common

4. TES-L2-observation specific Metadata unique to a particular ESDT subtype.

TES common metadata are fairly generic to the entire family of TES ESDTs or to TES L2 products. TES-L2observation specific, as described by name, are unique to a particular family of L2 ESDTs.

4.9.2 **ECS Inventory Metadata**

The table below shows the ECS Inventory Metadata. The ECS Inventory Metadata is implemented in the HDF file as text block named coremetadata within a group named HDFEOS INFORMATION.

Data Layer Name	Data Description	TES Valids	Type ²	Source
AssociatedInstrumentShortName	Instrument short name supplied by TES project.	TES	VA20	MCF
AssociatedPlatformShortName	Platform short name supplied by EOS project.	Aura	VA20	MCF
AssociatedSensorShortName	Sensor short name supplied by TES project.	FTS	VA20	MCF
OperationMode	Mode of operation of the instrument.	Calibration	VA20	MCF
		Routine		
ShortName	This name will identify the ESDT short name associated with the collection or granule.	(set in MCF)	A8	MCF
VersionID	Version identifier of the ESDT data collection.	(set in MCF)	SI	MCF
ProductionDateTime	The date and time a specific granule was produced a PGE.	YYYY-MM-DDT HH:MM:SS.SSSZ	DT	ТК
SizeMBECSDataGranule	The size attribute will indicate the volume of data contained in the granule.		F10	DSS
LocalGranuleID	Unique identifier for locally produced granule that ECS ingests and is required to capture.	e.g., TES-Aura_L2- H2O- Nadir_r0000000001 _F01_01.he5	VA80	PGE
LocalVersionID	Local version identifier for PGE defined granule versions. Takes the form "executable name: Clearcase label"		VA60	PGE
InputPointer	Description of location of Production History information.	"Production History block at: /HDFEOS/ADDITI ONAL/FILE_ATTR IBUTES/PRODUC TION_HISTORY"	VA255	PGE

Table 4-17: ECS Inventory Metadata

² Data types and Sources given are specified in document [3] on page 1-1.

Data Layer Name	Data Description	TES Valids	Type ²	Source
ParameterName	Scope of quality flags. For TES, refers to entire granule.	Granule	A40	PGE
ScienceQualityFlag	The granule level flag applying generally to the granule and specifically to parameters at the granule level.	Passed Failed Being Investigated Not Investigated Inferred Passed Inferred Failed Suspect	VA25	DP
ScienceQualityFlagExplanation	A text explanation of the criteria used to set the ScienceQualityFlag including thresholds or other criteria.	(Free text)	VA255	DP
RangeBeginningDate	The year, month, and day when the temporal coverage period being described began.	YYYY-MM-DD	DT	PGE
RangeBeginningTime	The first hour, minute, and second of the temporal coverage period being described.	HH:MM:SSSSSSZ	Т	PGE
RangeEndingDate	The last year, month, and day when the temporal coverage period being described.	YYYY-MM-DD	DT	PGE
RangeEndingTime	The last hour, minute, and second of the temporal coverage period being described.	HH:MM:SSSSSSZ	Т	PGE
PGEVersion	The Release of the PGE software: e.g. "R6.1.2"		A10	PGE

4.9.3 Production History Metadata

The Production History Metadata is implemented as a single text block and written to the HDF file as a file level attribute. The Production History text block contains information about the L2 PGE and the running execution of the PGE to produce ESDT standard products. Static information in the text block describes the elements that make up the PGE like build configuration, support files and database table population. Dynamic information describes all the running parameters involved in a PGE execution for a specific RUN ID. This information is captured for both pre and post execution of the L2 Product PGE.

History Data	Data Description	Size (K)	State
ECS	Toolkit file for input/output file specification	23	Dynamic
Environment Variable	SIPS environment variables	5	Dynamic
Fetch	SIPS fetch list from archived	5	Dynamic
SIPS PCF	SIPS-specific PCF file for PGE processing	3	Dynamic
Workspace List (PRE)	File listing in SIPS PGE workspace prior to PGE execution	5	Dynamic
Workspace List (POST)	File listing in SIPS PGE workspace following PGE execution	5	Dynamic
Runtime	CPU and Wallclock PGE run time	0.1	Dynamic
Control Definition	Framework Parameter Definition File for output files	1	Static
Control Parameter	Framework Parameter Specification File for output files	0.02	Static
Control Parameter (Runtime)	Framework Parameter specified in the command line of the PGE	0.02	Dynamic
TimeStamp	RUN ID begin date and end date timestamp	0.05	Dynamic
README	README file that describes production history context	1	Static
PGE Version	PGE version information	0.2	Static
PGE specific configurations	TBD	TBD	TBD

Table 4-18: L2 Production History

4.9.4 TES-Common Metadata

Metadata shown below is common to all TES files. For Level 2, these are implemented as File Level Attributes (HDF-EOS Global File Attributes). This is information that helps to describe this particular data set. It can be useful



in labeling plots, calculating dates, etc.. These will be set via calls to he5 ehwrglatt(HE5 EHwriteglbattr for C users).

Data Layer Name	Data Description	Valids	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
InstrumentName	TES			NATIVE_CHAR
ProcessLevel	L1B,L2,L3,etc.			NATIVE_CHAR
TAI93At0zOfGranule				NATIVE_DOUBLE
GlobalSurveyNumber/ID	Run ID			NATIVE_INT
GranuleMonth	Month granule was produced (from ECS MD RangeBeginningDate)	1-12	8	NATIVE_INT
GranuleDay	Day granule was produced (from ECS MD RangeBeginningDate)	1-31	8	NATIVE_INT
GranuleYear	Year granule was produced (from ECS MD RangeBeginningDate)			NATIVE_INT
SurveyMode	Type of survey, e.g., Global or Special			NATIVE_CHAR
PGEVersion	Release of PGE Software: e.g. "R6.1.2"			NATIVE_CHAR
Command_Seq_ID	Command Sequence (Run) ID	N/A	32	NATIVE_INT32

Table 4-19: TES-Common-Metadata

4.9.5 **TES-L2-Common**

Metadata shown below is common to all TES L2 files. These are implemented as Swath Level Attributes (HDF-EOS Group Attributes). This is information which helps describe the swath to which it is attached. These will be set via calls to he5_swwrattr (HE5_SWwriteattr for C users).

Data Layer Name	Data Description	Data Range	Units	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
VerticalCoordinate	"Pressure", "Altitude", "Potential Temperature"				NATIVE_CHAR
CloudFrequency	Wave number array corresponding to retrieved Cloud Effective Optical Depth points. 25 values.	600.0 2250.0	cm ⁻¹	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
EmissivityWavenumber	Wavenumber array corresponding to retrieval emissivity points. 121 values.	600.0 - 3500.0	cm ⁻¹	32	NATIVE_FLOAT

Table 4-20: TES-L2-Common-Metadata





4.9.6 **TES-L2-Nadir Metadata**

Metadata shown below are common to all TES L2 Nadir files. These are implemented as Swath Level Attributes (HDF-EOS Group Attributes) attached to the NadirSwath groups. This is information which helps describe the swath to which it is attached. These will be set via calls to he5_swwrattr (HE5_SWwriteattr for C users).

Data Layer Name	Data Definition	Data Range	Units	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
Scan_Resolution	Designates Low or High Resolution for this view	'High', 'Low			NATIVE_CHAR
Pressure	Dimensioned over superset of UARS Levels only. 66 values.		hPa	32	NATIVE_FLOAT

$\mathbf{I} \mathbf{U} \mathbf{U} \mathbf{U} \mathbf{U} \mathbf{U} \mathbf{U} \mathbf{U} U$	Table 4-21:	TES-L2-Nad	ir-Metadata
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4.9.7 **TES-L2-Limb Metadata**

Metadata shown below are common to all TES L2 Limb files. These are implemented as Swath Level Attributes (HDF-EOS Group Attributes) attached to the LimbSwath group. This is information which helps describe the swath to which it is attached. These will be set via calls to he5_swwrattr (HE5_SWwriteattr for C users).

Data Layer Name	Definition	Data Range	Units	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
Scan_Resolution	Designates Low or High Resolution for this view	'High', 'Low			NATIVE_CHAR
Pressure	Dimensioned over superset of UARS Levels only. 87 values.		hPa	32	NATIVE_FLOAT

Table 4-22: TES-L2-Limb-Metadata





5. LEVEL 2 SUMMARY PRODUCT

5.1 Overview

The Level 2 Summary Product is essentially a subset of all of the L2 Standard or Special Observation Products (see Section 4) generated for a run combined into one product. Specifically, what is not included in the Summary Product are the matrices such as the Averaging Kernels and Error Covariances that take up a majority of the data volume of the Standard Products (including the Ancillary Product).

These subset of data for each species and of ancillary data are combined into one file. Besides having fewer data fields per species, in addition, the number of pressure levels the data are reported on is less: only the standard 15 UARS pressure levels plus the surface or cloud top.

For nadir observations, TES L2 standard products are produced for the following molecular species: H_2O , O_3 , CH_4 , CO, HDO, AtmT (atmosphieric temperature TATM). For limb observations, L2 standard products include more molecular species: H_2O , O_3 , CH_4 , CO, HDO, NO₂, HNO₃, and AtmT. When combined into one Summary Product, each view and species combination then becomes a Swath object within the file (though not all view/species combinations may be present.)

Table	5-1:	View	and S	Species	Types
1 ante	J I.	1 10 11	ana r	precies	I J PCS

Species	H2O	03	CH4	СО	HDO	NO2	HNO3	TATM
Nadir Swath Objects	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х			Х
Limb Swath Objects	Х	Х			Х		Х	Х

Limb CH4, CO and NO2 are not produced in this release

In addition, a subset of datafields from the TES L2 Ancillary Data product is placed into Swath objects in the file.

To facilitate sharing data products between all Aura platform science teams, the organization of the L2 Summary Product also conforms to specifications dictated in the <u>HDF-EOS Aura File Format Guidelines</u> (Craig, et al). These guidelines lay down the basic file format and data format specifications for all L2 standard products. The L2 Summary Product though only contains a subset of all of the data and geolocation fields identified as TES parameters.

The Local Granule ID is a unique identifier for locally produced granules that are then sent to the ECS for archive. The Local Granule ID is also the filename of the data product produced by Level 2. The L2 Summary product file is also implemented using the HDF-EOS 5 file format. HDF-EOS 5 files have a default extension of ".he5". The ECS Local Granule ID (filename) for a L2 Summary product is constructed using the following template:

TES-Aura_L2-SUMMARY_r<run id>_<version id>.he5 (Global Survey information)

TES-Aura_L2-SUMMARY-SO_r<run id>_<version id>.he5 (Special Observation information)

The table below lists each of the TES L2 Summary product ESDT.



ESDT Short Name	ECS File Type	Collection Summary	File Name
TL2SUM	HDF-EOS 5	TES Aura L2 Summary Product Global Survey	TES-Aura_L2-SUMMARY_rnnnnnnnnn_Fff_cc.he5
TL2SUMS	HDF-EOS 5	TES Aura L2 Summary Product Special Observation	TES-Aura_L2-SUMMARY-SO_rnnnnnnnn_Fff_cc.he5

Table 5-2: TES L1B Standard Products

5.2 Summary Product File Structure

The file structure of the Summary Product is depicted in the figure below. In addition to the swath objects, each standard product also contains descriptive metadata. The organization and layout of metadata conforms to HDF-EOS guidelines. First, an ECS Metadata block, metadata that includes a set of mandatory data describing attributes about the standard product is found at the beginning of every standard product. TES-specific metadata follows the ECS metadata. These metadata fields are used to describe TES specific details. Some of these data will be common among all TES products, some common only to TES Level 2 products, and some specific only to the L2 Summary product.





There can be multiple [species]NadirSwath and [species]LimbSwath in the file, where [species] can be H2O, O3, CH4, CO, HDO, NO2, HNO3, or TATM (Atmospheric Temperature).



5.3 Nadir Objects Data Fields

The Nadir Data Fields consist of primary data fields, which are VMR or temperature profiles and other data dimensioned by time and pressure levels, and the associated data fields, which are only dimensioned by time.

Each Data Field will be annotated using HDF-EOS Local Attributes which are listed in the table below. Data Field Attributes are a feature which can be useful in annotating plots as well as describing the data product to input routines. These attributes will be set via calls to he5_swwrlattr (HE5_SWwritelocattr for C users).

Attribute Name	Attribute Description	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
MissingValue	Contains the value for missing or fill data. 32 float : -999.0 64 double: -999.0 32 int : -999 16 int : -999 8 int : -99		Same type as Data Field
Title	For labeling a plot or axis.		NATIVE_CHAR
Units	Labeling units (for labeling color bars, converting between units, etc).		NATIVE_CHAR
UniqueFieldDefinition	Describes if definition of field is shared with other Aura Instruments ("Aura- Shared", "X-Specific", where X=Instrument Name, "X-Y[-Z]-Shared" where X,Y, and optional Z are instrumen names (in alphabetical order)		NATIVE_CHAR

5.3.1 Nadir Primary Data Fields

The table below shows the swath data dimensions. The pressure levels as shown in this table are the 15 pressure levels plus one surface level as described in the Overview.

All nadir swath data fields are based on a unified data structure and are used to report results of retrievals of spectra received from the L1B subsystem. The VMR data for the particular species of interest is the primary data element of each swath data layer. It is accompanied by various indices of error that help in evaluating the quality of the retrieval.

Ideally, species and associated precision and quality measures will be populated for all Target Scenes in the global survey. However, there will be times where completing retrievals will not be possible. The causes will be varied and might be due to bad spectra (based on evaluation by L1B), excessive cloud cover, or the retrieval was not performed for scheduling or other administrative reasons. Regardless of the cause for missing data, certain swath data fields will be set to a fill value according to the <u>HDF-EOS Aura File Format Guidelines</u>. Additionally, cloud cover may prevent retrieval down to the Earth's surface, resulting in partial retrievals. When such cases occur, pressure layers will contain fill values when no data exists.

Dimension Name	Valid Value (Description)
nLevels	16 pressure levels
nTimes	Number of reported observations

Table 5-2: Primary Data Dimensions Definitions



Data Field Name / Title *	Data Descriptions	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
[species] TATM (Atmospheric Temperature) H2O HDO O3 CH4 CO	VMR data or temperature data (dim nLevels x nTimes)	VMR or K		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
[species]Precision	Square-roots of diagonal elements of the measurement error covariance. See comment for TotalError regarding use. (dim nLevels x nTimes)	ln(VMR) or K		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
TotalError	Square-roots of diagonal elements the output total error covariance (includes smoothing error, systematic error, and measurement error). For T_{ATM} , these values are the error bars. For atmospheric species, the positive error bar is: error+ = exp(ln(VMR) + error) - VMR. The negative error bar is: error = VMR - exp(ln(VMR) - error) (dim nLevels x nTimes)	ln(VMR) or K		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
Initial	Initial VMR data or temperature data (for retrieved temperature) used in the retrieval (dim nLevels x nTimes)	VMR or K		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
Pressure	List of the 16 Pressure Levels used (dim nLevels x nTimes)	hPa	0.001-1300.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
Altitude	Derived altitude for each pressure level (dim nLevels x nTimes)	meters	0-70000	32	NATIVE_FLOAT

Table	5-3:	Nadir	Primarv	Data	Fields
1 4010		1 1000011		Dutu	I ICIUS

* Where [species] equals H2O, O3, CH4, CO, HDO, or Temperature

5.3.2 Nadir Associated Data Fields

The table below provides the associated data dimensions. The data items shown in the following tables are also included in the Swath Data as Associated Data:

Dimension Name	Valid Value (Description)
nTimes	Number of reported observations



NT8
NT8
LOAT
LOAT
TOAT
20111
TOAT
LOAT
LOAT
LOAT
LOAT
TOAT
LOAT
LOAT
TOAT
LOAI
LOAT

Table 5-5: Nadir Associated Data Fields



Data Fields Name / Title	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
TotalColumnDensityError	Error in total column amount computed from total error covariance For the Atmospheric Temperature Product this will be a fill value	Molec/cm ²	0-10^28	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
	(dim nTimes)				
TotalColumnDensityInitial	Total column amount computed from the initial profile. For the Atmospheric Temperature Product this will be a fill value.	Molec/cm ²	0-10^28	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
	(dim nTimes)				
SpeciesRetrievalConverged	Indicates whether the non-linear least squares solver converged to a minimum. True=1 False=0	N/A	0 or 1 (Boolean)	8	NATIVE_INT8
	(dim nTimes)				
DeviationVsRetrievalCovarian ce	Deviation vs. Retrieval Covariance (dim nTimes)		-10000.0 - 10000.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
RadianceResidualMean	Mean of the model and data radiance difference (per species). (dim nTimes)		-1000.0 - 1000.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
RadianceResidualRMS	RMS of model and data difference (dim nTimes)		0.0 - 100.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
RadianceResidualMax	Maximum absolute difference between model and data (dim nTimes)		-10000.0 - 10000.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
NumberIterPerformed	Actual number of iterations performed (dim nTimes)	Integer	Small number, typically < 8 and could be 0	8	NATIVE_INT8
MaxNumIterations	Maximum number of iterations allowed for convergence (dim nTimes)	N/A	<100	8	NATIVE_INT8
DegreesOfFreedomForSignal	Number of independent parameters for the profile (trace of the averaging kernel) (dim nTimes)	N/A	0.0—1000.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
InformationContent	Relative decrease in error volume with respect to a priori (dim nTimes)	N/A	-100.0— 1000.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
CloudVariability_QA	Quality value calculated from cloud variability. This will be fill for the species HDO and H2O. (dim nTimes)	N/A	0- 100	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
KDotDL_QA	Quality value calculating the signal left in the residual. This is the maximum of the dot product of the Jacobian (K) and the Radiance (L) divided by sqrt(K dot K) * sqrt(L dot L) (dim nTimes)	N/A	-100 - 100	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
LDotDL_QA	Quality value calculating the signal left in the residual. This is the dot product of the radiance (L) with the residual (dL) divided by sqrt(L dot L) * sqrt(dL dot dL) (dim nTimes)	N/A	-100 - 100	32	NATIVE_FLOAT





Data Fields Name / Title	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
Calibration_QA	Quality value of calculated from the calibration factors. This will be fill for the species HDO and H2O.	N/A	-2 - 2	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
	(dim nTimes)				
	This field will be fill for R10.				
H2O_HDO_Corr_QA	Checks that the H2O estimated in H2O / HDO step is consistent with H2O from TATM step. This will be fill in all products except H2O and HDO.	N/A	-50.0 - 50.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
	(dim nTimes)				
SurfaceEmissMean_QA	Quality value comparing the retrieved emissivity to the initial emissivity. Fill for ocean and limb scenes. This will be fill for the species HDO and H2O. (dim nTimes)	N/A	-2 - 2	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
SurfaceTempVsApriori_QA	Quality value comparing the surface temperature to a priori value (dim nTimes)	К	-100 - 100	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
SurfaceTempVsAtmTemp_QA	Quality value comparing the surface temperature to the lowest atmospheric pressure. This will be fill for the species CO, CH4, HDO, and H2O.	K	-100 - 100	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
	(dim nTimes)				
UTCTime	UTC time of ZPD (Zero Path Difference) 27 character string.	n/a		28	HE5T_CHARSTRIN G
	(dim nTimes x nLength)				String data type
SurfaceEmissionLayer_Q A	Quality value comparing the atmospheric temperature to the surfact temperature	N/A	-100 - 100	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
	when ozone near the surface is elevated. This field will be fill for CC CH4,				
	FDO and most H2O				

5.4 Limb Objects Data Fields

Like the Nadir Data Fields, the Limb Data Fields consist of the primary data fields, which are VMR or temperature profiles and other data dimensioned by time and pressure levels, and the associated data fields, which are only dimensioned by time.

Each Data Field will be annotated using HDF-EOS Local Attributes which are listed in the table below. Data Field Attributes are a feature which can be useful in annotating plots as well as describing the data product to input routines. These attributes will be set via calls to he5_swwrlattr (HE5_SWwritelocattr for C users).





Attribute Name	Attribute Description	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
MissingValue	Contains the value for missing or fill data. 32 float : -999.0 64 double: -999.0 32 int : -999 16 int : -999 8 int : -99		Same type as Data Field
Title	For labeling a plot or axis.		NATIVE_CHAR
Units	Labeling units (for labeling color bars, converting between units, etc).		NATIVE_CHAR
UniqueFieldDefinition	Describes if definition of field is shared with other Aura Instruments ("Aura- Shared", "X-Specific", where X=Instrument Name, "X-Y[-Z]-Shared" where X,Y, and optional Z are instrumen names (in alphabetical order)		NATIVE_CHAR

5.4.1 Limb Primary Data Fields

All swath data fields are based on a unified data structure and are used to report results of retrievals of spectra received from the L1B subsystem. The VMR data for the particular species of interest is the primary data element of each swath data layer. It is accompanied by various indices of error that help in evaluating the quality of the retrieval.

Ideally, species and associated precision and quality measures will be populated for all Target Scenes in the global survey. However, there will be times where completing retrievals will not be possible. The causes will be varied and might be due to bad spectra (based on evaluation by L1B), excessive cloud cover, or the retrieval was not performed for scheduling or other administrative reasons. Regardless of the cause for missing data, certain swath data fields will be set to a fill value according <u>HDF-EOS Aura File Format Guidelines</u>. Additionally, cloud cover may prevent retrieval down to the Earth's surface, resulting in partial retrievals. When such cases occur, pressure layers will contain fill values when no data exists.

Table 5-6: Primary	Data Fields Dimension	s Definitions
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Dimension Name	Valid Value (Description)
nLevels	16 pressure levels
nTimes	Number of reported observations

Fable 5-7:	Limb	Primary	Data	Fields

Data Field Name / Title *	Data Descriptions	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
[species] TATM (Atmospheric Temperature) H2O HDO O3 HNO3 (Limb CH4, CO and NO2 are not produced in this release)	VMR data or temperature data (for retrieved temperature) (dim nLevels x nTimes)	VMR or K		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
[species]Precision	Square-roots of diagonal elements of the measurement error covariance. See comment for TotalError regarding use. (dim nLevels x nTimes)	ln(VMR) or K		32	NATIVE_FLOAT



Data Field Name / Title *	Data Descriptions	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
TotalError	Square-roots of diagonal elements of the output total error covariance (includes smoothing error, systematic error, and measurement error). For T_{ATM} , these values are the error bars. For atmospheric species, the positive error bar is: error+ = exp(ln(VMR) + error) - VMR. The negative error bar is: error- = VMR - exp(ln(VMR) - error) (dim nLevels x nTimes)	ln(VMR) or K		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
Initial	Initial VMR data or temperature data (for retrieved temperature) used in the retrieval (dim nLevels x nTimes)	VMR or K		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
Pressure	List of the 16 Pressure Levels used (dim nLevels x nTimes)	hPa	0.001-1300.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
Altitude	Derived altitude for each pressure level (dim nLevels x nTimes)	meters	0-70000	32	NATIVE_FLOAT

* Where [species] equals H2O, O3, HDO, HNO3, or Temperature. Limb CH4, CO and NO2 are not produced in this release

5.4.2 Limb Associated Data Fields

The table below provides the associated data dimensions. The data items shown in the following tables are also included in the Swath Data as Associated Data:

Table 5-8: Associated	Data	Field	Dimensions	Definitions
1 abit 5 0. 11550tlattu	Data	I ICIU	Dimensions	Deminions

Dimension Name	Valid Value (Description)
nTimes	Number of reported observations
nPixels	16 number of pixels from one focal plane

Fable 5-9: Limb	Associated	Data Fields
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Data Fields Name / Title	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
SpeciesRetrievalQuality	Species Retrieval Quality flag. True means retrieval passed quality check an reported errors are accurate. (dim nTimes)	n/a	0 = poor quality 1 = passed quality chec	8	NATIVE_INT8
CloudTopPressure	Pressure of inferred cloud top (species independent) (dim nTimes) This field will be fill for R10.	hPa	0.001 1300.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT





Data Fields Name / Title	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
CloudTopPressureError	Error on Cloud Top Pressure. The positive error bar is error+ = exp(ln(CloudTopPressure + error) - CloudTopPressure. The negative error bar is error- = CloudTopPressure - exp(ln(CloudTopPressure - error). (dim nTimes) This field will be fill for R10.	hPa	-17	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
AverageCloudEffOpticalDepth	Quality value: the cloud mean optical depth from 975 – 1200 cm-1 (dim nTimes) This field will be fill for R10.	N/A	0 - 10000	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
AverageCloudEffOpticalDepthErr or	Error for Cloud Effective Optical Depth calculated using a weighted average of frequencies between 975 & 1200 (dim nTimes) This field will be fill for P10	n/a	0.0500.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
TotalColumnDensity	Total column amount computed from the retrieved profile. For the Atmospheric Temperature Product this will be a fill value. (dim nTimes)	Molec/cm ²	0-10^28	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
TotalColumnDensityError	Error in total column amount computed from total error covariance For the Atmospheric Temperature Product this will be a fill value. (dim nTimes)	Molec/cm ²	0-10^28	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
TotalColumnDensityInitial	Total column amount computed from the initial profile. For the Atmospheric Temperature datset this will be a fill value. (dim nTimes)	Molec/cm ²	0-10^28	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
SpeciesRetrievalConverged	Indicates whether the non-linear least squares solver converged to a minimur True=1, False=0 (dim nTimes)		0 or 1 (Boolean)	8	NATIVE_INT8
DeviationVsRetrievalCovariance	Deviation vs. Retrieval Covariance (dim nTimes)		-10000.0 - 10000.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
RadianceResidualMean	Mean of the model and data radiance difference (per species). Per pixel from focal plane used in retrieval. (dim nTimes x nPixels)		-1000.0 - 1000.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
RadianceResidualRMS	RMS of model and data difference. Per pixel from focal plane used in retrieval. (dim nTimes x nPixels)		0.0 - 100.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
RadianceResidualMax	Maximum absolute difference between model and data (dim nTimes)		-10000.0 - 10000.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
NumberIterPerformed	Actual number of iterations performed (dim nTimes)	Integer	Small number, typically < 8 and could be 0	8	NATIVE_INT8
MaxNumIterations	Maximum number of iterations allowe for convergence (dim nTimes)		< 100	8	NATIVE_INT8


Data Fields Name / Title	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
DegreesOfFreedomForSignal	Number of independent parameters for the profile (trace of the averaging kernel) (dim aTimos)	N/A	0.0—1000.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
InformationContent	Relative decrease in error volume with respect to a priori (dim nTimes)	N/A	-100.0— 1000.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
CloudVariability_QA	Quality value calculated from cloud variability (dim nTimes) This field will be fill for R10.	N/A	0- 100	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
KDotDL_QA	Quality value calculating the signal left in the residual. This is the maximum of the dot product of the Jacobian (K) and the Radiance (L) divided by sqrt(K dot K) * sqrt(L dot L) (dim nTimes)	N/A	-100 - 100	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
LDotDL_QA	Quality value calculating the signal left in the residual. This is the dot product of the radiance (L) with the residual (dL) divided by sqrt(L dot L) * sqrt(dL dot dL) (dim nTimes)	N/A	-100 - 100	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
Calibration_QA	Quality value of calculated from the calibration factors. This will be fill for the species HDO and H2O. (dim nTimes) This field will be fill for R10.	N/A	-2 - 2	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
H2O_HDO_Corr_QA	Checks that the H2O estimated in H2O / HDO step is consistent with H2O from TATM step. This will be fill in all products except H2O and HDO. (dim nTimes)	N/A	-50.0 - 50.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
UTCTime	UTC time of ZPD (Zero Path Difference) 27 character string. (dim nTimes x nLength)	n/a		28	HE5T_CHARSTRING String data type

5.5 Ancillary Objects Data Fields

The Ancillary Objects contains the Associated Data Fields common to all species.

Each Data Field will be annotated using HDF-EOS Local Attributes which are listed in the table below. Data Field Attributes are a feature which can be useful in annotating plots as well as describing the data product to input routines. These attributes will be set via calls to he5_swwrlattr (HE5_SWwritelocattr for C users).



Attribute Name	Attribute Description	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
MissingValue	Contains the value for missing or fill data. 32 float : -999.0 64 double: -999.0 32 int : -999 16 int : -999 8 int : -99		Same type as Data Field
Title	For labeling a plot or axis.		NATIVE_CHAR
Units	Labeling units (for labeling color bars, converting between units, etc).		NATIVE_CHAR
UniqueFieldDefinition	Describes if definition of field is shared with other Aura Instruments ("Aura- Shared", "X-Specific", where X=Instrument Name, "X-Y[-Z]-Shared" where X,Y, and optional Z are instrumen names (in alphabetical order)		NATIVE_CHAR

Table 5-10: Ancillary Data Dimensions Definitions

Dimension Name	Valid Value (Description)
nTimes	Number of reported observations
nFreq	121 emissivity wavenumbers (listed in TES-L2-Common metadata)
nPixels	64 total number of pixels

Table 5-11: Anci	llary Nadir	Data Fields
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Ancillary Data Fields / Title	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
SpacecraftLatitude	Geodetic latitude referenced to WGS84 ellipsoid (dim nTimes)	degrees	± 90.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
SpacecraftLongitude	Longitude referenced to WGS84 ellipsoid (dim nTimes)	degrees	± 180.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
SpacecraftAltitude	Height referenced to WGS84 ellipsoid (dim nTimes)	meters		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
OrbitAscendingFlag	True=1, False=0 (dim nTimes)		0 or 1 (Boolean)	8	NATIVE_INT8
SolarAzimuthAngle	Solar azimuth angle relative to the local north at the geolocation. (From geolocation table) (dim nTimes)	degrees		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
PixelsUsedFlag	True=1, False=0 (dim nPixels)		64 chars, one for each pixel	520	NATIVE_CHAR
OzoneTroposphericColumn	Column amount from the surface to TropopausePressue computed from the retrieved profile. (dim nTimes)	Molec/cm/	0 - 10^28	32	NATIVE_FLOAT



Ancillary Data Fields / Title	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
OzoneTroposphericColumnErro	Error in the column amount from the surface to TropopausePressue computed from the total error covariance. (dim nTimes)	Molec/cm	0 - 10^28	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
OzoneTroposphericColumnIniti	Initial column amount from the surface to TropopausePressue computed from the initial profile. (dim nTimes)	Molec/cm	0 - 10^28	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
TropopausePressure	Pressure between the troposphere and stratosphere used to calculate the tropospheric column (dim nTimes)	hPa	10 - 1300	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
SurfaceEmissivity	Retrieved surface emissivity for land nadir targets. Fill values for scenes where emissivity not retrieved. (dim nFreq x nTimes)		0.0 - 2.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
SurfaceEmissErrors	Errors in retrieved surface emissivity for land nadir targets. Fill values for scenes where emissivity not retrieved. (dim nFreq x nTimes)			32	NATIVE_FLOAT
SurfaceEmissInitial	Initial surface emissivity land nadir targets. (dim nFreq x nTimes)		0.0 - 2.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
Filter_Position_1A	Filter position for Focal Plane 1A (dim nTimes)	N/A	1-5	8	NATIVE_INT8
Filter_Position_1B	Filter position for Focal Plane 1B (dim nTimes)	N/A	1-2	8	NATIVE_INT8
Filter_Position_2A	Filter position for Focal Plane 2A (dim nTimes)	N/A	1-4	8	NATIVE_INT8
Filter_Position_2B	Filter position for Focal Plane 2B (dim nTimes)	N/A	1	8	NATIVE_INT8
UTCTime	UTC time of ZPD (Zero Path Difference) 27 character string. (dim nTimes x nLength)	n/a		28	HE5T_CHARSTRIN G String data type

Table 5-12: Ancillary Limb Data Fields

Ancillary Data Fields / Title	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
SpacecraftLatitude	Geodetic latitude referenced to WGS84 ellipsoid	degrees	± 90.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
	(dim nTimes)				
SpacecraftLongitude	Longitude referenced to WGS84 ellipsoid (dim nTimes)	degrees	± 180.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
SpacecraftAltitude	Height referenced to WGS84 ellipsoid (dim nTimes)	meters		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
OrbitAscendingFlag	True=1, False=0 (dim nTimes)		0 or 1 (Boolean)	8	NATIVE_INT8
SolarAzimuthAngle	Solar azimuth angle relative to local north at the spacecraft.	degrees		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
	(dim nTimes)				
PixelsUsedFlag	True=1, False=0		64 chars, one for	520	NATIVE_CHAR
	(dim nTimes)		each pixel		



Ancillary Data Fields / Title	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
TropopausePressure	Pressure between the troposphere and stratosphere used to calculate the tropospheric column (dim nTimes)	hPa	10 - 1300	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
RetrievedPointingAngle	Retrieved value of the boresight nadir angles using TES limb spectral radiances. (Limb only) (dim nTimes)	degrees		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
RetrievedPointingAngleError	Error of retrieved value of the boresight nac angles using TES limb spectral radiances. (Limb only) (dim nTimes)	degrees		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
Filter_Position_1A	Filter position for Focal Plane 1A (dim nTimes)	N/A	1-5	8	NATIVE_INT8
Filter_Position_1B	Filter position for Focal Plane 1B (dim nTimes)	N/A	1-2	8	NATIVE_INT8
Filter_Position_2A	Filter position for Focal Plane 2A (dim nTimes)	N/A	1-4	8	NATIVE_INT8
Filter_Position_2B	Filter position for Focal Plane 2B (dim nTimes)	N/A	1	8	NATIVE_INT8
UTCTime	UTC time of ZPD (Zero Path Difference) 27 character string. (dim nTimes x nLength)	n/a		28	HE5T_CHARSTRI NG String data type"

5.6 Geolocation Fields

The Geolocation Data is used to provide generic geolocation and spacecraft pointing information. This information is included with each species and ancillary Swath.

Each Data Field will be annotated using HDF-EOS Local Attributes which are listed in the table below. Data Field Attributes are a feature which can be useful in annotating plots as well as describing the data product to input routines. These attributes will be set via calls to he5_swwrlattr (HE5_SWwritelocattr for C users).

Attribute Name	Attribute Description	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
MissingValue	Contains the value for missing or fill data. 32 float : -999.0 64 double: -999.0 32 int : -999 16 int : -999 8 int : -99		Same type as Data Field
Title	For labeling a plot or axis.		NATIVE_CHAR
Units	Labeling units (for labeling color bars, converting between units, etc).		NATIVE_CHAR
UniqueFieldDefinition	Describes if definition of field is shared with other Aura Instruments ("Aura- Shared", "X-Specific", where X=Instrument Name, "X-Y[-Z]-Shared" where X,Y, and optional Z are instrumen names (in alphabetical order)		NATIVE_CHAR

The values used for these attributes are also in the data fields tables below.

Table 5-13:	Geolocation	Dimensions
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Dimension Name	Valid Value (Description)
nTimes	Number of reported observations

Geolocation Fields Name / Title	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
Sequence	Sequence number within a run (dim nTimes)	n/a		16	NATIVE_INT16
Scan	Scan number within a sequence, or if averaging was performed, first scan of an averaged set. (dim nTimes)	n/a		16	NATIVE_INT16
Time	Time (TAI93) of ZPD (Zero Path Difference) (dim nTimes)	sec		64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
DayNightFlag	Flag for day or night (dim nTimes)	n/a	0 = night 1 = day	8	NATIVE_INT8
Latitude	Geodetic Latitude (dim nTimes)	Decimal degrees	± 90.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
Longitude	Geodetic Longitude (dim nTimes)	Decimal degrees	± 180.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
SurfaceElevStandardDeviation	From DEM, standard deviation of average elevation over footprint (dim nTimes)	meters		32	NATIVE_FLOAT





SurfaceTypeFootprint	From DEM, 1=Fresh Water, 2=Salt Water, 3=Land, 4=Mixed (not 100% of FW, SW, or Land) (dim nTimes)	Enumer- ated	14	8	NATIVE_INT8
DominantSurfaceType	(dim n1 mes)From the USGS Global Land Cover Characteristics Data Base described at: http://edcsns17.cr.usgs.gov/glcc/glob doc2_0.htmlIf averaging was performed, refers to first scan of an averaged set.1 = Urban and Built-Up Land 2 = Dryland Cropland and Pasture 3 = Irrigated Cropland and Pasture 4 = Mixed Dryland/Irrigated Cropland and Pasture 5 = Cropland/Grassland Mosaic 6 = Cropland/Grassland Mosaic 7 = Grassland 	Enumera ted	1-24, 99, 100	8	NATIVE_INT8
BoresightNadirAngle	TES boresight (LOS) nadir angle relative to the local nadir at SC (dim nTimes)	Decimal degrees	090	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
BoresightNadirAngleUnc	Uncertainty in TES boresight nadir angle (dim nTimes)	Decimal degrees	±90	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
BoresightAzimuth	TES boresight (LOS) azimuth angle relative to the local north at SC (dim nTimes)	Decimal degrees	0360	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
SolarZenithAngle	Solar zenith relative to the local zenith at the spacecraft (dim nTimes)	degrees	0180	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
LocalSolarTime	Local solar time at target geolocation. Computed from target longitude and UTC. (dim nTimes)	hours		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
Tgt_SpacecraftZenith	TES boresight (LOS) zenith angle relative to the local zenith at the target geolocation. (dim nTimes)	degrees	±90	32	NATIVE_FLOAT



Tgt_SpacecraftAzimuth	TES boresight (LOS) azimuth angle relative to the local north at the target geolocation	degrees (ea of north)	±90	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
	(dim nTimes)				

Table 5-15: Limb Geolocation Fields

Geolocation Fields Name / Title	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
Sequence	Sequence number within a run (dim nTimes)	n/a		16	NATIVE_INT16
Scan	Scan number within a sequence, or if averaging was performed, first scan of an averaged set. (dim nTimes)	n/a		16	NATIVE_INT16
Time	Time (TAI93) of ZPD (Zero Path Difference) (dim nTimes)	sec		64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
DayNightFlag	Flag for day or night (dim nTimes)	n/a	0 = night $1 = day$	8	NATIVE_INT8
Latitude	Geodetic Latitude (dim nTimes)	degrees	± 90.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
Longitude	Geodetic Longitude (dim nTimes)	degrees	± 180.0	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
SurfaceElevStandardDeviation	From DEM, standard deviation of average elevation over footprint (dim nTimes)	meters		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
SurfaceTypeFootprint	From DEM, 1=Fresh Water, 2=Salt Water, 3=Land, 4=Mixed (not 100% of FW, SW, or Land) (dim nTimes)	Enumer- ated	14	8	NATIVE_INT8
BoresightNadirAngle	TES boresight (LOS) nadir angle relative to local nadir at SC	Decimal degrees	0180	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
BoresightNadirAngleUnc	(dim n1 imes) Uncertainty in TES boresight nadir angle (dim nTimes)	Decimal degrees	±90	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
BoresightTangentHeight	Geodetic elevation of instrument boresight at the tangent point (around 16 km) (dim nTimes)	meters		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
BoresightTangentHeightUnc	TES Boresight Tangent Height uncertainty (dim nTimes)	meters		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
BoresightAzimuth	TES boresight (LOS) azimuth angle relative to local north at SC (dim nTimes)	Decimal degrees	0360	64	NATIVE_DOUBLE
SolarZenithAngle	Solar zenith relative to the local zenith at the spacecraft (dim nTimes)	degrees		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
LocalSolarTime	Local solar time at target geolocation. Computed from target longitude and UTC. (dim nTimes)	hours		32	NATIVE_FLOAT



Tgt_SpacecraftZenith	TES boresight (LOS) zenith angle relative to the local zenith at the target geolocation. (dim nTimes)	degrees	±90	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
Tgt_SpacecraftAzimuth	TES boresight (LOS) azimuth angle relative to the local north at the target geolocation. (dim nTimes)	degrees (ea of north)	±90	32	NATIVE_FLOAT

5.7 L2 ECS and TES-specific Metadata

5.7.1 Introduction

As with all ESDTs, TES ESDTs contain metadata that describes specific attributes about the data or the quality of data contained in the ESDT. Some of the basic metadata items are required by EOSDIS. These data items commonly include basic identification information and other generic information about the particular ESDT. These data items are referred to as ECS Inventory Metadata. In addition to ECS Inventory Metadata, additional TES ESDTs contain additional metadata more specific to the TES program. The TES-specific metadata has been subdivided into subcategories based on the uniqueness of its origin and identification:

- Production History 1.
- **TES-Common** 2. TES-L2-Common

3.

- Production History Metadata
- Metadata common to all TES ESDTs
- Metadata common to all Level 2 ESDTs

TES common metadata are fairly generic to the entire family of TES ESDTs or to TES L2 products. TES-L2observation specific, as described by name, are unique to a particular family of L2 ESDTs.

5.7.2 **ECS Inventory Metadata**

The table below shows the ECS Inventory Metadata. The ECS Inventory Metadata is implemented in the HDF file as text block named coremetadata within a group named HDFEOS INFORMATION.

Data Layer Name	Data Description	TES Valids	Type ³	Source
AssociatedInstrumentShortName	Instrument short name supplied by TES project.	TES	VA20	MCF
AssociatedPlatformShortName	Platform short name supplied by EOS project.	Aura	VA20	MCF
AssociatedSensorShortName	Sensor short name supplied by TES project.	FTS	VA20	MCF
OperationMode	Mode of operation of the instrument.	Calibration	VA20	MCF
		Routine		
ShortName	This name will identify the ESDT short name associated with the collection or granule.	(set in MCF)	A8	MCF
VersionID	Version identifier of the ESDT data collection.	(set in MCF)	SI	MCF

Table 5-16: ECS Inventory Metadata

³ Data types and Sources given are specified in document [3] on page 1-1.

Data Layer Name	Data Description	TES Valids	Type ³	Source
ProductionDateTime	The date and time a specific granule was produced a PGE.	YYYY-MM-DDT HH:MM:SS.SSSZ	DT	ТК
SizeMBECSDataGranule	The size attribute will indicate the volume of data contained in the granule.		F10	DSS
LocalGranuleID	Unique identifier for locally produced granule that ECS ingests and is required to capture.	e.g., TES-Aura_L2- SUMMARY_r0000 000001_F01_01.he5	VA80	PGE
LocalVersionID	Local version identifier for PGE defined granule versions. Takes the form "executable name: Clearcase label"		VA60	PGE
InputPointer	Description of location of Production History information.	"Production History block at: /HDFEOS/ADDITI ONAL/FILE_ATTR IBUTES/PRODUC TION HISTORY"	VA255	PGE
ParameterName	Scope of quality flags. For TES, refers to entire granule.	Granule	A40	PGE
ScienceQualityFlag	The granule level flag applying generally to the granule and specifically to parameters at the granule level.	Passed Failed Being Investigated Not Investigated Inferred Passed Inferred Failed Suspect	VA25	DP
ScienceQualityFlagExplanation	A text explanation of the criteria used to set the ScienceQualityFlag including thresholds or other criteria.	(Free text)	VA255	DP
RangeBeginningDate	The year, month, and day when the temporal coverage period being described began.	YYYY-MM-DD	DT	PGE
RangeBeginningTime	The first hour, minute, and second of the temporal coverage period being described.	HH:MM:SS.SSSZ	Т	PGE
RangeEndingDate	The last year, month, and day when the temporal coverage period being described.	YYYY-MM-DD	DT	PGE
RangeEndingTime	The last hour, minute, and second of the temporal coverage period being described.	HH:MM:SS.SSSZ	Т	PGE
PGEVersion	The Release of the PGE software: e.g. "R6.1.2"		A10	PGE

5.7.3 Production History Metadata

The Production History Metadata is implemented as a single text block and written to the HDF file as a file level attribute. The Production History text block contains information about the L2 PGE and the running execution of the PGE to produce ESDT standard products. Static information in the text block describes the elements that make up the PGE like build configuration, support files and database table population. Dynamic information describes all the running parameters involved in a PGE execution for a specific RUN ID. This information is captured for both pre and post execution of the L2 Product PGE.

History Data	Data Description	Size (K)	State
ECS	Toolkit file for input/output file specification	23	Dynamic
Environment Variable	SIPS environment variables	5	Dynamic
Fetch	SIPS fetch list from archived	5	Dynamic
SIPS PCF	SIPS-specific PCF file for PGE processing	3	Dynamic
Workspace List (PRE)	File listing in SIPS PGE workspace prior to PGE execution	5	Dynamic
Workspace List (POST)	File listing in SIPS PGE workspace following PGE execution	5	Dynamic
Runtime	CPU and Wallclock PGE run time	0.1	Dynamic

Table 5-1	7: L2	Production	History
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Control Definition	Framework Parameter Definition File for output files	1	Static
Control Parameter	Framework Parameter Specification File for output files	0.02	Static
Control Parameter (Runtime)	Framework Parameter specified in the command line of the PGE	0.02	Dynamic
TimeStamp	RUN ID begin date and end date timestamp	0.05	Dynamic
README	README file that describes production history context	1	Static
PGE Version	PGE version information	0.2	Static
PGE specific configurations	TBD	TBD	TBD

5.7.4 TES-Common Metadata

Metadata shown below is common to all TES files. For Level 2, these are implemented as File Level Attributes (HDF-EOS Global File Attributes). This is information that helps to describe this particular data set. It can be useful in labeling plots, calculating dates, etc.. These will be set via calls to he5_ehwrglatt(HE5_EHwriteglbattr for C users).

Data Layer Name	Data Description	Valids	Size	Туре	HDF-EOS 5 Type
InstrumentName	TES			char	NATIVE_CHAR
ProcessLevel	L1B,L2,L3,etc.			char	NATIVE_CHAR
TAI93At0zOfGranule				double	NATIVE_DOUBLE
GlobalSurveyNumber/ID	Run ID			int	NATIVE_INT
GranuleMonth	Month granule was produced (from ECS MD RangeBeginningDate)	1-12	8	int	NATIVE_INT
GranuleDay	Day granule was produced (from ECS MD RangeBeginningDate)	1-31	8	int	NATIVE_INT
GranuleYear	Year granule was produced (from ECS MD RangeBeginningDate)			int	NATIVE_INT
SurveyMode	Type of survey, e.g., Global or Special			char	NATIVE_CHAR
PGEVersion	Release of PGE Software: e.g. "R6.1.2"			char	NATIVE_CHAR
Command_Seq_ID	Command Sequence (Run) ID	N/A	32	int	NATIVE_INT32

Table 5-18: TES-Common-Metadata

5.7.5 TES-L2-Common

Metadata shown below is common to all TES L2 files. These are implemented as Swath Level Attributes (HDF-EOS Group Attributes). This is information which helps describe the swath to which it is attached. These will be set via calls to he5_swwrattr (HE5_SWwriteattr for C users).

Data Layer Name	Data Description	Data Range	Size	Туре	HDF-EOS 5 Type
Pressure	Dimensioned over superset of nUARSLevels only. 87 values.			32	NATIVE_FLOAT
VerticalCoordinate	"Pressure", "Altitude", "Potential Temperature"				NATIVE_CHAR
CloudFrequency	Wave number array corresponding to retrieved Cloud Effective Optical Depth points. 25 values.	600.0 2250.0	cm ⁻¹	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
EmissivityWavenumber	Wavenumber array corresponding to retrieval emissivity points. 119 values.	600.0 - 3500.0	cm ⁻¹	32	NATIVE_FLOAT





6. LEVEL 3 STANDARD GRID PRODUCTS

6.1 Overview

The objective of TES SDP L3 subsystem is to interpolate the L2 atmospheric profiles collected in a Global Survey onto a global grid uniform in latitude and longitude that will provide a 3-D representation of the distribution of atmospheric gasses. Daily, 8-day and monthly averages of L2 profiles and browse images will also be provided.

The L3 standard data products are composed of L3 HDF-EOS grid data.

A separate product file is produced for each different atmospheric species. Each of these files is referred to an Earth Science Data Type (ESDT). TES obtains data in two basic observation modes: Limb or Nadir. The product file may contain, in separate folders, limb data, nadir data, or both folders may be present.

Specific to L3 processing are the terms "Daily", "8-Day", and "Monthly" representing the approximate time coverage of the L3 products. However the input data granules to the L3 process will be complete Global Surveys; in other words a Global Survey will not be split in relation to time when input to the L3 processes even if they exceed the usual understood meanings of a day or month. More specifically:

Daily L3 products represent a single Global Survey (approximately 23.7 hours) 8-Day L3 products represent four Global Surveys initiated within that time period (a GS is scheduled every other day)

Monthly L3 products represent Global Surveys that are initiated within that calendar month.

The data granules defined for L3 standard products are "daily", "8-day", and "monthly". L3 data is provided at uniform grids in latitude and longitude and at selected pressure levels.

For nadir observations, L3 standard products are produced for the molecular species: H_2O , O_3 , CO, CH_4 , HDO, and TATM (atmospheric temperature). For limb observations, L3 standard products are produced for the molecular species: H_2O , O_3 , CO, CH_4 , NO_2 , HDO, HNO_3 , and TATM (atmospheric temperature). Species with diurnal variations are nadir atmospheric temperature for nadir and NO_2 for limb. Limb CO, NO2 and CH4 may be produced in future releases See Table 6-1. L3 standard products will only be generated from global survey (GS) measurements and not from special observations/investigations.

8-Day and Monthly L3 products will be producted in future realeases.

The table below illustrates the molecular species and temperature reported for L2 nadir and limb retrievals, and which profiles are to be processed by the L3 Product PGEs under this release. Note that Limb CH4, CO, and NO2 will not be produced in this software release.

Species	H2O	03	CH4	СО	NO2	HNO3	HDO	Temperature
Nadir Grid Objects	Х	х	х	х	-	-	х	Х
Limb Grid Objects	х	х				х	х	Х

Table 6-1:	View	and	Species	Types
------------	------	-----	---------	-------

The L3 standard product files are implemented using the HDF-EOS 5 file format. HDF-EOS 5 files have a default extension of ".he5". The ECS Local Granule ID (filename) for a L3 standard product is constructed using the following template:



File Type	File Name Convention
daily	TES-Aura_L3- <species>_<run id="">_<version id="">.he5</version></run></species>
8-day	TES-Aura_L3- <species>-8D<year><doy>_<version id="">.he5</version></doy></year></species>
monthly	TES-Aura_L3- <species>-M<year><month>_<version id="">.he5</version></month></year></species>

Table 6-2: L3	Data File	Name	Convention	and Notation

Notation	Format	Description
<doy></doy>	dddd	<doy>: first day of the 8-day period</doy>
		d : day of year format placeholder
		ddd : 3-digit number representing day of year
<month></month>	mmm	m : month format placeholder
		mm : 2-digit number representing month
<run id=""></run>	rnnnnnnnn	r : Run ID format placeholder
		nnnnnnnnn : string representing 10-digit Run ID
<version id=""></version>	Fff_cc	F : File format placeholder
		ff: 2-digit version number reflecting file format changes
		cc : 2-digit version number reflecting content changes
<year></year>	уууу	yyyy: 4-digit number representing year

The table below lists each of the TES L3 standard data product ESDTs for "daily" format.

Table 6-3: L3 Daily Standard Product Data Files

ESDT	<species></species>	<view mode=""></view>	File Name
Descriptor			
TL3ATD	ATM-TEMP	Nadir / Limb	TES-Aura_L3-ATM-TEMP_ <run id="">_<version id="">.he5</version></run>
TL3H2OD	H2O	Nadir / Limb	TES-Aura_L3-H2O_ <run id="">_<version id="">.he5</version></run>
TL3O3D	03	Nadir / Limb	TES-Aura_L3-O3_ <run id="">_<version id="">.he5</version></run>
TL3COD	СО	Nadir / Limb	TES-Aura_L3-CO_ <run id="">_<version id="">.he5</version></run>
TL3CH4D	CH4	Nadir / Limb	TES-Aura_L3-CH4_ <run id="">_<version id="">.he5</version></run>
TL3HDOD	HDO	Nadir / Limb	TES-Aura_L3-HDO_ <run id="">_<version id="">.he5</version></run>
TL3HNOD	HNO3	Limb	TES-Aura_L3-HNO3_ <run id="">_<version id="">.he5</version></run>

The table below lists each of the TES L3 standard data product ESDTs for "8-day" format.

Table 6-4: L3 8-Day Standard Product Data Files

ESDT Descriptor	<species></species>	<view mode=""></view>	File Name
TL3NO2_8	NO2	Limb	TES-Aura_L3-NO2-8D <year><doy>_<version id="">.he5</version></doy></year>

8-Day product will not be produced in this release.

The table below lists each of the TES L3 standard data product ESDTs for "monthly" format.





ESDT	<species></species>	<view mode=""></view>	File Name
Descriptor			
TL3ATM	ATM-TEMP	Nadir/Limb	TES-Aura_L3-ATM-TEMP-M <year><month>_<version id="">.he5</version></month></year>
TL3H2OM	H2O	Nadir/Limb	TES-Aura_L3-H2O-M <year><month>_<version id="">.he5</version></month></year>
TL3O3M	03	Nadir/Limb	TES-Aura_L3-O3-M <year><month>_<version id="">.he5</version></month></year>
TL3COM	CO	Nadir/Limb	TES-Aura_L3-CO-M <year><month>_<version id="">.he5</version></month></year>
TL3CH4M	CH4	Nadir/Limb	TES-Aura_L3-CH4-M <year><month>_<version id="">.he5</version></month></year>
TL3NO2M	NO2	Limb	TES-Aura_L3-NO2-M <year><month>_<version id="">.he5</version></month></year>
TL3HDOM	HDO	Nadir/Limb	TES-Aura_L3-HDO-M <year><month>_<version id="">.he5</version></month></year>
TL3HNOM	HNO3	Limb	TES-Aura_L3-HNO3-M <year><month>_<version id="">.he5</version></month></year>

Limb NO2 are not produced in this release

6.2 L3 Product File Structures

The file structures of each L3 standard data products are depicted in the figures below. In addition to the grid object, each L3 standard product also contains descriptive metadata. The organization and layout of metadata conforms to ECS guidelines. First, an ECS Metadata block, metadata that includes a set of mandatory data describing attributes about the standard product is found at the beginning of every standard product. TES-specific metadata follows the ECS metadata. These metadata fields are used to describe TES specific details. Some of these data will be common among all TES products, some common only to TES Level 3 products, and some specific only to "daily", "8-day" and "monthly" products.



Daily Grid File 6.2.1



For Nadir scans, atmospheric temperature files contain NadirDayGrid and NadirNightGrid datagroups, and for all other species (H2O, O3, CO, CH4, HDO, HNO3) will have only NadirGrid.



5-25

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6.2.2 8-Day Grid File





Monthly Grid File 6.2.3



For Nadir scans, atmospheric temperature files contain NadirDayGrid and NadirNightGrid datagroups, for Limb scan NO2 contains LimbDayGrid and LimbNightGrid and for all other species (H2O, O3, CO, CH4, HDO, HNO3) will have only NadirGrid and LimbGrid.



6.3 Daily Data Fields

The Daily Data Fields consist of standard data fields. There is a format difference between ATM_TEMP and other species data fields.

Each Data Field will be annotated using HDF-EOS Local Attributes which are listed in the table below. Data Field Attributes are a feature which can be useful in annotating plots as well as describing the data product to input routines. These attributes will be set via calls to he5_gdwrlattr (HE5_GDwritelocattr for C users).

Attribute Name	Attribute Description	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
MissingValue	Contains the value for missing or fill data. 32 float : -999.0 64 double: -999.0 32 int : -999 16 int : -999 8 int : -99		Same type as Data Field
Title	For labeling a plot or axis.		NATIVE_CHAR
Units	Labeling units (for labeling color bars, converting between units, etc).		NATIVE_CHAR
UniqueFieldDefinition	Describes if definition of field is shared with other Aura Instruments ("Aura- Shared", "X-Specific", where X=Instrument Name, "X-Y[-Z]-Shared" where X,Y, and optional Z are instrumen names (in alphabetical order)		NATIVE_CHAR

6.3.1 Daily Standard Data Fields

The tables below show the grid data dimensions and daily data fields.

Table 6-6: Daily Standard Data Dimensions Definitions

Dimension Name	Valid Value (Description)
XDim	90 - Number of longitudes from -180 to 180 degree at 4 degree spacing
YDim	83 - Number of latitudes ± 82 at 2 degree spacing
nLevels	15 - Number of L3 pressure levels (excludes surface)

Table 6-7:	Daily	Standard	Data	Fields	for	ATM	TEMP
	··· •/					_	

Data Fields Name / Title	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
<species></species>	Pressure-level data	K		32	NATIVE-FLOAT
TATM (Atmospheric Temperature)	(dim XDim x YDim x nLevels)				
<species>AtSurface</species>	Pressure-level data at surface (dim XDim x YDim)	К		32	NATIVE-FLOAT
SurfaceTemperature	Temperature at the earth surface measured at Day (dim XDim x YDim)	K	150.0 - 350.0	32	NATIVE-FLOAT



Data Fields Name / Title	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
SurfacePressure	Surface Pressure	hPa		32	NATIVE-FLOAT
	(dim XDim x YDim)				
Latitude	L3 latitudes, ±82°at 2 degree spacing (dim YDim)	deg	-82 - +82	32	NATIVE-FLOAT
Longitude	L3 longitudes, from ±180° at 4 degree spacing (dim XDim)	deg	-180 - +180	32	NATIVE-FLOAT
Pressure	L3 pressure levels (excludes surface) (dim nLevels)	hPa.	4.6 - 1000	32	NATIVE-FLOAT

Table 6-8: Daily Standard Data Fields for H2O, O3, CO, CH4, HDO, HNO3 species

Data Fields Name / Title	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
<species></species>	Pressure-level data	VMR		32	NATIVE-FLOAT
H2O	(dim XDim x Ydim x				
HDO	nLevels)				
03					
CH4					
СО					
HNO3					
<species>AtSurface</species>	Pressure-level data at surface	VMR		32	NATIVE-FLOAT
TotalColumnDensity	Total column density	Molecu	$0 - 10^{28}$	32	NATIVE-FLOAT
	data	les/cm ²			
	(dim XDim x YDim)				
SurfacePressure	Surface Pressure	hPa		32	NATIVE-FLOAT
	(dim XDim x YDim)		28		
OzoneTropColumn	Ozone Trop Column data	Molecu	$0 - 10^{28}$	32	NATIVE-FLOAT
	(dim Xdim x Ydim)	les/cm ²			
	This Field is present				
	only in O3 product				
Latitude	L3 latitudes, ±82°at 2 degree spacing	deg	-82 - +82	32	NATIVE-FLOAT
	(dım YDım)	1		22	
Longitude	L3 longitudes, from	deg	-180 - +180	32	NATIVE-FLOAT
	$\pm 180^{\circ}$ at 4 degree				
	(dim VDim)				
Dragouro	(dilli ADill)	hDo	4.6 1000	22	NATIVE ELOAT
Pressure	(excludes surface)	nPa.	4.0 - 1000	32	NATIVE-FLUAT
	(dim nLevels)				



6.4 8-Day Data Fields

The 8-Day Grid Data Fields consist of standard data fields.

Each Data Field will be annotated using HDF-EOS Local Attributes which are listed in the table below. Data Field Attributes are a feature which can be useful in annotating plots as well as describing the data product to input routines. These attributes will be set via calls to he5_gdwrlattr (HE5_GDwritelocattr for C users).

Attribute Name	Attribute Description	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
MissingValue	Contains the value for missing or fill data. 32 float : -999.0 64 double: -999.0 32 int : -999 16 int : -999 8 int : -99		Same type as Data Field
Title	For labeling a plot or axis.		NATIVE_CHAR
Units	Labeling units (for labeling color bars, converting between units, etc).		NATIVE_CHAR
UniqueFieldDefinition	Describes if definition of field is shared with other Aura Instruments ("Aura- Shared", "X-Specific", where X=Instrument Name, "X-Y[-Z]-Shared" where X,Y, and optional Z are instrumen names (in alphabetical order)		NATIVE_CHAR

6.4.1 8-Day Standard Data Fields

The tables below show the grid data dimensions and 8-day grid data fields.

Dimension Name	Valid Value (Description)
XDim	90 - Number of longitudes from -180 to 180 degree at 4 degree spacing
YDim	83 - Number of latitudes ± 82 at 2 degree spacing
nLevels	15 - Number of L3 pressure levels (excludes surface)

Table	6-10:	8-Dav	Standard	Data	Fields
1 ant	0-10.	U-Day	Stanuaru	Data	1 icius

Data Fields Name / Title	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
<species></species>	Average pressure-level data	VMR		32	NATIVE-FLOAT
NO2	(dim XDim x YDim x nLevels)				
<species>AtSurface</species>	Average pressure-level data at surface	VMR		32	NATIVE-FLOAT
	(dim XDim x YDim)				
TotalColumnDensity	Average total column density data	Molecules/ cm ²	$0 - 10^{28}$	32	NATIVE-FLOAT
	(dim XDim x YDim)				



5-30

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Data Fields Name / Title	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
<species>DataCount</species>	Number of pressure level data points	n/a	>0	16	NATIVE_INT16
	(dim XDim x YDim x nLevels)				
<species>StdDeviation</species>	Standard deviation of pressure level values (dim XDim x YDim x nLevels)	VMR		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
<species>Maximum</species>	Maximum value of pressure level data (dim XDim x YDim x nLevels)	VMR		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
<species>Minimum</species>	Minimum value of pressure level data (dim XDim x YDim x nLevels)	VMR		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
TotColDensDataCount	Number of total column density data points (dim XDim x YDim)	n/a	> 0	16	NATIVE_INT16
TotColDensStdDeviation	Standard deviation of total column density values (dim XDim x YDim)	Molecules/ cm ²	0 - 10 ²⁸	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
TotColDensMaximum	Maximum value of total column density data (dim XDim x YDim)	Molecules/ cm ²	0 - 10 ²⁸	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
TotColDensMinimum	Minimum value of total column density data (dim XDim x YDim)	Molecules/ cm ²	0 - 10 ²⁸	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
Latitude	L3 latitudes, ±82°at 2 degree spacing (dim YDim)	deg	-82 - +82	32	NATIVE-FLOAT
Longitude	L3 longitudes, from ±180° at 4 degree spacing (dim XDim)	deg	-180 - +180	32	NATIVE-FLOAT
Pressure	L3 pressure levels (excludes surface) (dim nLevels)	hPa.	4.6 - 1000	32	NATIVE-FLOAT

6.5 Monthly Data Fields

The Monthly Grid Data Fields consist of standard data fields.

Each Data Field will be annotated using HDF-EOS Local Attributes which are listed in the table below. Data Field Attributes are a feature which can be useful in annotating plots as well as describing the data product to input routines. These attributes will be set via calls to he5_gdwrlattr (HE5_GDwritelocattr for C users).





Attribute Name	Attribute Description	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
MissingValue	Contains the value for missing or fill data. 32 float : -999.0 64 double: -999.0 32 int : -999 16 int : -999 8 int : -99		Same type as Data Field
Title	For labeling a plot or axis.		NATIVE_CHAR
Units	Labeling units (for labeling color bars, converting between units, etc).		NATIVE_CHAR
UniqueFieldDefinition	Describes if definition of field is shared with other Aura Instruments ("Aura- Shared", "X-Specific", where X=Instrument Name, "X-Y[-Z]-Shared" where X,Y, and optional Z are instrumen names (in alphabetical order)		NATIVE_CHAR

6.5.1 Monthly Standard Data Fields

The tables below show the grid data dimensions and monthly grid data fields.

Table 6-11: Monthly Standard Data Dimensions Definitions

Dimension Name	Valid Value (Description)
XDim	90 - Number of longitudes from -180 to 180 degree at 4 degree spacing
YDim	83 - Number of latitudes ± 82 at 2 degree spacing
nLevels	15 - Number of L3 pressure levels (excludes surface)

	Table 6-12: Monthly Standard Data Fields for ATM_TEMP						
tle	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF		

Data Fields Name / Title	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
<species> ATM_TEMP</species>	Average pressure-level data (dim XDim x YDim x nLevels)	VMR or K		32	NATIVE-FLOAT
<species>DataCount</species>	Number of pressure level data points (dim XDim x YDim x nLevels	n/a	>0	16	NATIVE_INT16
<species>StdDeviation</species>	Standard deviation of pressure level values (dim XDim x YDim x nLevels)	n/a		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
<species>Maximum</species>	Maximum value of pressure level data (dim XDim x YDim x nLevels)	VMR or K		32	NATIVE_FLOAT





Data Fields Name / Title	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
<species>Minimum</species>	Minimum value of pressure level data (dim XDim x YDim x nLevels)	VMR or K		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
Latitude	L3 latitudes, ±82°at 2 degree spacing (dim YDim)	deg	-82 - +82	32	NATIVE-FLOAT
Longitude	L3 longitudes, from ±180° at 4 degree spacing (dim XDim)	deg	-180 - +180	32	NATIVE-FLOAT
Pressure	L3 pressure levels (excludes surface) (dim nLevels)	hPa.	4.6 - 1000	32	NATIVE-FLOAT

Table 6-13: Monthly Standard Data Fields for H2O, O3, CO, CH4, HDO, HNO3 species

Data Fields Name / Title	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
<species></species>	Average pressure-level data	VMR or K		32	NATIVE-FLOAT
H2O	(dim XDim x YDim x				
HDO	nLevels)				
03					
CH4					
CO					
HNO3			-		
<species>DataCount</species>	Number of pressure level	n/a	>0	16	NATIVE_INT16
	data points				
	(dim XDim x YDim x nLevels				
<pre><species>StdDeviation</species></pre>	Standard deviation of	n/a		32	NATIVE FLOAT
species stabeviation	pressure level values	ii/ a			_
	(dim XDim x YDim x				
	nLevels)				
<species>Maximum</species>	Maximum value of pressure	VMR or K		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
	level data				
	(dim XDim x YDim x				
<pre>////////////////////////////////////</pre>	Minimum value of processo	VMD or V		32	NATIVE FLOAT
<species>Minimum</species>	level data	VMR OF K		52	
	(dim XDim x YDim x				
	nLevels)				
TotalColumnDensity	Average total column	Molecules/	$0 - 10^{28}$	32	NATIVE-FLOAT
	density data	cm ²			
	(dim XDim x YDim)				
	NI william of Control and Street		> 0	16	NATIVE INT16
TotColDensDataCount	density data points	n/a	2.0	10	
	(dim XDim x YDim)				
TotColDensStdDeviation	Standard deviation of total	n/a	0 - 10 ²⁸	32	NATIVE FLOAT
	column density values				_
	(dim XDim x YDim)				



Data Fields Name / Title	Data Description	Units	Data Range	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
TotColDensMaximum	Maximum value of total column density data (dim XDim x YDim)	Molecules/ cm ²	0 - 10 ²⁸	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
TotColDensMinimum	Minimum value of total column density data (dim XDim x YDim)	Molecules/ cm ²	0 - 10 ²⁸	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
OzoneTropColumn	Ozone Trop Column data (dim Xdim x Ydim) This Field is present only in O3 product	Molecules/ cm ²	$0 - 10^{28}$	32	NATIVE-FLOAT
Latitude	L3 latitudes, ±82°at 2 degree spacing (dim YDim)	deg	-82 - +82	32	NATIVE-FLOAT
Longitude	L3 longitudes, from ±180° at 4 degree spacing (dim XDim)	deg	-180 - +180	32	NATIVE-FLOAT
Pressure	L3 pressure levels (excludes surface) (dim nLevels)	hPa.	4.6 - 1000	32	NATIVE-FLOAT

6.6 L3 ECS and TES-specific Metadata

6.6.1 Introduction

As with all ESDTs, TES ESDTs contain metadata that describes specific attributes about the data or the quality of data contained in the ESDT. Some of the basic metadata items are required by EOSDIS. These data items commonly include basic identification information and other generic information about the particular ESDT. These data items are referred to as ECS Inventory Metadata. In addition to ECS Inventory Metadata, additional TES ESDTs contain additional metadata more specific to the TES program. The TES-specific metadata has been subdivided into subcategories based on the uniqueness of its origin and identification:

- 4. Production History
- TES-Common
 TES-L3-Common
- Production History Metadata
- Metadata common to all TES ESDTs Metadata common to all Level 3 ESDTs

TES common metadata are fairly generic to the entire family of TES ESDTs or to TES L3 products.



6.6.2 ECS Inventory Metadata

The table below shows the ECS Inventory Metadata. The ECS Inventory Metadata is implemented in the HDF file as text block named coremetadata within a group named HDFEOS INFORMATION.

Data Layer Name	Data Description	TES Valids	Type ⁴	Source
AssociatedInstrumentShortName	Instrument short name supplied by TES project.	TES	VA20	MCF
AssociatedPlatformShortName	Platform short name supplied by EOS project.	Aura	VA20	MCF
AssociatedSensorShortName	Sensor short name supplied by TES project.	FTS	VA20	MCF
OperationMode	Mode of operation of the instrument.	Calibration	VA20	MCF
		Routine		
ShortName	This name will identify the ESDT short name associated with the collection or granule.	(set in MCF)	A8	MCF
VersionID	Version identifier of the ESDT data collection.	(set in MCF)	SI	MCF
ProductionDateTime	The date and time a specific granule was produced a PGE.	YYYY-MM-DDT HH:MM:SS.SSSZ	DT	ТК
SizeMBECSDataGranule	The size attribute will indicate the volume of data contained in the granule.		F10	DSS
LocalGranuleID	Unique identifier for locally produced granule that ECS ingests and is required to capture.	e.g., TES-Aura_L2- SUMMARY_r0000 000001_F01_01.he5	VA80	PGE
LocalVersionID	Local version identifier for PGE defined granule versions. Takes the form "executable name: Clearcase label"		VA60	PGE
InputPointer	Description of location of Production History information.	"Production History block at: /HDFEOS/ADDITI ONAL/FILE_ATTR IBUTES/PRODUC TION_HISTORY"	VA255	PGE
ParameterName	Scope of quality flags. For TES, refers to entire granule.	Granule	A40	PGE
ScienceQualityFlag	The granule level flag applying generally to the granule and specifically to parameters at the granule level.	Passed Failed Being Investigated Not Investigated Inferred Passed Inferred Failed Suspect	VA25	DP
ScienceQualityFlagExplanation	A text explanation of the criteria used to set the ScienceQualityFlag including thresholds or other criteria.	(Free text)	VA255	DP
RangeBeginningDate	The year, month, and day when the temporal coverage period being described began.	YYYY-MM-DD	DT	PGE
RangeBeginningTime	The first hour, minute, and second of the temporal coverage period being described.	HH:MM:SS.SSSZ	Т	PGE
RangeEndingDate	The last year, month, and day when the temporal coverage period being described.	YYYY-MM-DD	DT	PGE
RangeEndingTime	The last hour, minute, and second of the temporal coverage period being described.	HH:MM:SS.SSSZ	Т	PGE
PGEVersion	The Release of the PGE software: e.g. "R6.1.2"		A10	PGE

Table 6-14: ECS Inventory Metadata





6.6.3 Production History Metadata

The Production History Metadata is implemented as a single text block and written to the HDF file as a file level attribute. The Production History text block contains information about the L3 PGE and the running execution of the PGE to produce ESDT standard products. Static information in the text block describes the elements that make up the PGE like build configuration, support files and database table population. Dynamic information describes all the running parameters involved in a PGE execution for a specific RUN ID. This information is captured for both pre and post execution of the L3 Product PGE.

History Data	Data Description	Size (K)	State
ECS	Toolkit file for input/output file specification	23	Dynamic
Environment Variable	SIPS environment variables	5	Dynamic
Fetch	SIPS fetch list from archived	5	Dynamic
SIPS PCF	SIPS-specific PCF file for PGE processing	3	Dynamic
Workspace List (PRE)	File listing in SIPS PGE workspace prior to PGE execution	5	Dynamic
Workspace List (POST)	File listing in SIPS PGE workspace following PGE execution	5	Dynamic
Runtime	CPU and Wallclock PGE run time	0.1	Dynamic
Control Definition	Framework Parameter Definition File for output files	1	Static
Control Parameter	Framework Parameter Specification File for output files	0.02	Static
Control Parameter (Runtime)	Framework Parameter specified in the command line of the PGE	0.02	Dynamic
TimeStamp	RUN ID begin date and end date timestamp	0.05	Dynamic
README	README file that describes production history context	1	Static
PGE Version	PGE version information	0.2	Static
PGE specific configurations	TBD	TBD	TBD

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6.6.4 TES-Common Metadata

Metadata shown below is common to all TES files. For Level 3, these are implemented as File Level Attributes (HDF-EOS Global File Attributes). This is information that helps to describe this particular data set. It can be useful in labeling plots, calculating dates, etc. These will be set via calls to he5_ehwrglatt(HE5_EHwriteglbattr for C users).

Data Layer Name	Data Description	Valids	Size	Туре	HDF-EOS 5 Type
InstrumentName	TES			char	NATIVE_CHAR
ProcessLevel	L1B,L2,L3,etc.			char	NATIVE_CHAR
OrbitNumber	16(daily) or 2 (8-day/monthly) orbit numbers		32	int	NAATIVE_INT32
OrbitPeriod	16 (daily) or 2 (8-day/monthly) orbit periods, microseconds (Fill value -999 for this release)		64	double	NATIVE_DOUBLE
TAI93At0zOfGranule			64	double	NATIVE_DOUBLE
GlobalSurveyNumber	Run IDs (run ids contributing to the products)			char	NATIVE_CHAR
GranuleMonth	Month granule was produced (from ECS MD RangeBeginningDate)	1-12	8	int	NATIVE_INT
GranuleDay	Day granule was produced (from ECS MD RangeBeginningDate)	1-31	8	int	NATIVE_INT

Table 6-16:	TES-Common-	Metadata
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Data Layer Name	Data Description	Valids	Size	Туре	HDF-EOS 5 Type
GranuleYear	Year granule was produced (from ECS MD RangeBeginningDate)		32	int	NATIVE_INT
GranuleDayOfYear	Day of year granule produced	1 - 365	16	int	NATIVE_INT16
SurveyMode	Type of survey, e.g., Global or Special			char	NATIVE_CHAR
PGEVersion	Release of PGE Software: e.g. "R6.1.2"			char	NATIVE_CHAR
StartUTC	UTC time of start of granule. (from ECS MD RangeBeginningDate)			char	NATIVE_CHAR
EndUTC	UTC time of end of granule. (from ECS MD RangeEndingDate)			char	NATIVE_CHAR
Period	"Daily", "8-Day", or "Monthly"			char	NATIVE_CHAR
Command_Seq_ID	Command Sequence (Run) ID	N/A	32	int	NATIVE_INT32

6.6.5 TES-L3-Common

Metadata shown below is common to all TES L3 files. These are implemented as Grid Level Attributes. This is information which helps describe the grid to which it is attached. These will be set via calls to he5_gdwrattr (HE5_GDwriteattr for C users).

Table 6-17: TES-L3-Common-Metadata

Data Layer Name	Data Description	Data Range	Units	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
Projection	Geographic				NATIVE_CHAR
GridOrigin	Center				NATIVE_CHAR
Grid Spacing	(4,2)				NATIVE_CHAR
GridSpacingUnit	deg				NATIVE_CHAR
GridSpan	(0,360,-82,+82)				NATIVE_CHAR
GridSpanUnit	deg				NATIVE_CHAR

6.6.6 L3 Daily Common metadata

Metadata shown below is common to daily L3 Products.

Data Layer Name	Data Description	Data Range	Units	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
TriangleVertDistMax	Maximum distance from any of the three vertices of the Delaunay triangles to a given L2 data point.	0 to 5000		32	NATIVE_FLOAT
GlobalSurveyL3Algorithm	"Along orbit interpolation, Delaunay sphere triangulation, and 2-D linear interpolation"				NATIVE_CHAR



L3 8-Day Common metadata 6.6.7

Metadata shown below is common to 8-day L3 Products.

Data Layer Name	Data Description	Data Range	Units	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
DeltaFullLatitude	Latitude defining the size of bin box used to average L2 data	5 - 50	Degrees	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
DeltaFullLongitude	Longitude defining the size of bin box used to average L2 data	5 - 50	Degrees	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
8-DayL3Algorithm	"Binning average, L2 data weighted inversely by error and distance to L3 geolocation point"		N/A		NATIVE_CHAR

Table 6-19: TES-L3-8-Dav-Common-Metadat

6.6.8 L3 Monthly Common metadata

Metadata shown below is common to monthly L3 Products.

Data Layer Name	Data Description	Data Range	Units	Size	HDF-EOS 5 Type
DeltaFullLatitude	Latitude defining the size of bin box used to average L2 data	5 - 50	Degrees	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
DeltaFullLongitude	Longitude defining the size of bin box used to average L2 data	5 - 50	Degrees	32	NATIVE_FLOAT
MonthlyL3Algorithm	"Binning average, L2 data weighted inversely by error and distance to L3 geolocation point"		N/A	32	NATIVE_CHAR

Table 6-20: TES-L3-Monthly-Common-Metadata





APPENDIX A -- ACRONYMS

API	Application Program Interface		
BB	Black Body		
DEM	Digital Elevation Model		
DPS	Data Products Specification		
ECI	Earth-Centered Inertial		
ECS	EOSDIS Core System		
EOS	Earth Observation System		
EOSDIS	EOS Data and Information System		
ESDIS	Earth Science Data and Information System		
ESDT	Earth Science Data Type		
FP	Focal Plane		
FWHM	Full Width at Half Maximum		
GDS	Ground Data System		
HAIS	Hughes Applied Information Systems		
HDF	Hierarchical Data Format		
ICD	Interface Control Document		
ICS	Interferometer Control System		
ID	Identification		
JPL	Jet Propulsion Laboratory		
LOS	Line of Sight		
MCF	Metadata Control File		
MD	Metadata		
NCAR	National Center for Atmospheric Research		
NESR	Noise-Equivalent Spectral Radiance		
OSE	Operational Support Equipment		
OSP	Operational Support Product		
PCS	Position Control System		
PGE	Product Generation Executive		
PRT	Platinum Resistance Thermistor		
RMS	Root-Mean-Square		
SC	Spacecraft		
SIPS	Science Investigator-led Processing System		
TAI	International Atomic Time		
TBD	To Be Determined		
TES	Tropospheric Emission Spectrometer		
UARS	Upper Atmosphere Research Satellite		
VMR	Volume Mixing Ratio		
ZPD	Zero Path Difference		



Section or Table Number	What's Missing	Targeted Release

APPENDIX B -- WORK-OFF PLAN TABLE



B-2

